OLYMPIC LEADER

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The Phelps Dry Goods Co.

1910 Shirt Waist Sale

These are of the latest and best makes and this years patterns. They are the famous B. B., "Rhe Best," are made of Batiste and Lawns. They are now on display and are being sold at prices to suit any customer.

HOSIERY SALE

We are giving ⅓ off on all lines of Hosiery. Now is the time to save money on your hose as these are all of good grade

We will sell all	15c	Hose for	10c
	20c		13c
	25c		17c
	50c		35c
	60c		40c
	1.50		1.00
	25c	Infant hose	17c

1910 NECKWEAR SALE

A large and general assortment to select from at prices that are ridiculously low so come early to get choice before they are all picked over.

The Phelps Dry Goods Co.

Hotel Angeles

M. J. KERKES, Proprietor.

Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners, Luncheons and Spreads.

The only newly furnished hotel in the city and best accommodations. All patrons given special care and attention.

The only house in Port Angeles selling imported goods. Orders delivered free to all parts of the city.

We sell Coberger Beer in bottles.

Recognized Leading Angeles Hotel for Commercial Men and Public Generally.

MERCHANTS HOTEL

E. E. DAY, PROPRIETOR

Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners Luncheons, and Party Suppers.

Only Wholesale Liquor House in County in Connection. Phone 4. Goods Delivered Free in City. Mail Orders from County Patrons Given Prompt Attention.

DOTY GREETED BY LARGE AUDIENCE

People Interested in Hearing from Leader of Movement the Story of Progress in this State.

Hon. Boyd Doty, President of the Anti-Saloon League of the State of Washington, delivered a most eloquent, interesting and lucid speech Sunday evening at the opera house on the all important question of the hour—temperance, the progress it has made toward the goal in recent years in the nation and state, and what of the future. A well filled house greeted the speaker and this despite the fact that other attractions that evening also had good crowds. The churches of the city with the exception of the Episcopal, where the pastor was giving his farewell address, closed their doors and the choirs combined in furnishing the music for the evening, under the efficient direction of N. H. Bonnett, including a pleasing anthem.

In introducing the speaker, Rev. Hartsell stated that he was one of the gifted orators of the state, and Mr. Doty did not belie the statement. The talk was a treat, and those who attended were well repaid for their presence.

As noted in these columns in weeks past, Mr. Doty stated that the education of the masses along temperance lines has been so pronounced during the past few years that the evil effects of strong drink and the presence of the saloon in our midst is being so seriously considered by the people that wherever given a chance they most emphatically voice their disapproval of the business and vote for its extinction, and this in spite the fact that in every contest thousands of dollars from the general saloon fund flow into every quarter where the question is up for the purpose of defeating the will of the law abiding citizenship.

"It has come to the point," said the speaker, "where the saloon interests, organized under the name of the Royal Arch, have begun a boycott upon all the drummers and dealers who do not join the organization, help provide funds with which to carry on the fight." (We know this to be a fact from personal talks with drummers who have defied the organization. — Ed. O.-L.) "Cigar dealers are assessed $25 per year; brewers of the state $300, brewers of other states doing business in this state $500. This aggregates a fund something like half a million dollars. And a Spokane authority of the saloon element gives the sum to be raised at $1,500,000. It certainly takes an awakened conscience to overcome this great power wielded among those who do not care, or who cannot see any great evil in the saloon, having been about it so much that their senses have ceased to be shocked at anything.

"The work in this state has gone steadily on, until with six months of the contest gone by we find our aim at this early date almost realized. We set the mark to have 100 dry cities and towns under the local option law passed by the last legislature within the year and we already have some 44 victories. During the coming six months we expect to reach the hundred or better. The fight will be waged stronger and faster the coming summer. Some 11 elections have been brought in dry territory by the saloon and in

Continued on page 6.

STORIES FROM THE STAGE

Edward Elliott at Opera House Next Tuesday Night.

Edward Elliott, in Stories from the Stage, at the opera house Monday evening, Feb. 7, the third and last number of the Citizens' Lecture Course. Mr. Elliott stands as an exemplification of the best attainments, highest aims, and most lasting successes of the Lyceum. He takes some play that has been a great moral success and credit to the stage, arranges it into a concise story told by the characters. These characters are acted out, made real living people—no wigs, scenery or costumes are employed, but you are made to see the play as vividly almost as though acted out by a company of players. You hear it with an artistic unity, a definiteness of purpose and in an atmosphere impossible in any stage performance.

Mr. Elliott will be greeted with a full house. The people will want to hear this great mimic and stage personater, and also give the closing number of this superb course a boost financially. The citizens committee, that made the course possible, deserve that much.

MILWAUKEE SECURED AN EASY GRADE

Road Has Options on Vast Timber Holdings Between Port Angeles and Seattle.

It is declared in the city of Everett the information is given out as indisputable that the C., M. & St. P. will ferry from a point south of that city to Port Ludlow and from thence through Jefferson county to Clallam, and down the straits. It is declared that this move will be forthcoming just as soon as the present branch of the Milwaukee into Everett is completed, and the necessary arrangements for terminals can be made, says the Port Townsend Leader.

It will be remembered that a short time ago the Leader published an article to the effect that a crew of surveyors was busy in the neighborhood of Port Ludlow. It is now learned that the work on which these men were engaged has now been completed, and the crew has vacated the field. It is declared that a feasible route was discovered and located. It runs from the head of Ludlow bay through the hills to what is known as the old Walker place. From this point it turns to the north and runs along the eastern side of Chimacum valley, then swings in to touch some point on Port Townsend bay, and then across the low land near Station Prairie to Discovery bay, continuing down the straits on the line over which a survey was run some months ago.

North of Port Ludlow is a hillfully a mile long, which has proved a stumbling block in the calculations of the engineers who laid out the proposed route to this point. The discovery of a feasible method of reaching Chimacum valley without a heavy grade was evidently deemed important enough to justify the sending of a surveying crew into the field at a time when operations were sadly hampered by the frightful weather conditions prevaling. The crew arrived in Ludlow at the time of the severe storm in December, when telegraph and telephone lines had been prostrated. Despite the presence of a foot of snow the men were kept at work, those in charge of the party insisting that nothing could be permitted to retard the work. The latest developments indicate that the Milwaukee road was in a desperate hurry to ascertain if an easy grade existed from Port Ludlow to the Chim-

Continued on page 4.

SITE FOR RIFLE RANGE

Naval Board Examined Ediz Hook and Were Favorably Impressed.

The naval board, headed by Capt. Maybury johnson, which has in charge the selection of a site for a rifle range, visited Port Angeles Tuesday to examine the advantages of Ediz Hook, which had been recommended for the purpose, and were very favorably impressed therewith. The board was met by a committee consisting of Messrs. Lewis Levy, T. T. Aldwell, Mayor Lewis, P. Grubb, E. E. Fisher and G. M. Lauridsen, who took them over to the spit and pointed out to them its exceptional features. The fact that there is ample room, the spit being 1,200 feet wide and three miles long, and entirely owned by the government, is of course the main advantage. If the range be located anywhere else on the Sound, the government will have to buy and clear for use several thousand dollars worth of land, for which there has been no money appropriated. The spit has been used as a rifle range by the navy in the past and has always received high praise as an ideal site. The government already has a wharf and warehouse at the outer end, as well as coal bunkers at the head of the bay.

Port Angeles also presents the unique advantage of being a dry town, as by ordinance, passed at request of the government, the saloons are required to close upon the entrance to the harbor of any of the ships of the navy and to remain closed during their stay here—an ordinance that has of course always been duly observed, as the annual visit of the fleet to our harbor is of great benefit to the city.

The advantages of Port Angeles as a place of rendezvous, in that Lake Crescent, the Soldiuck and the Olympic Hot Springs, and the Upper Elwha afford an unequaled opportunity for a few days outing for the officers of the ships while they are at anchor here, was also pointed out and the members of the Board promised to give Port Angeles the benefit of all points in her favor.

...THE...

Leader Department STORE

It is now time for you to think of your Spring Clothes, we bought early because we can buy cheaper by buying before the rush is on. You can buy cheaper now than later as we cannot replace the early goods without an advance in price. You can miss nothing by being prepared for the Sunshiny days soon to come.

We Are Offering Our Advance Sale on Shirt Waists Girls' Tub Dresses and Boys' Wash Suits

Ladies' Shirt Waists

Tailored and Fancy

Tailored at 1.25, 1.50, 1.85, 2.00
Fancy at 50c, 75c, 85, 1.00, 1.25, up to 3.50
China Silk Waists in Black, Blue and Brown 75c

Girls' Tub Dresses

Plaited One Piece Dresses in Blue and White, Tan and White stripes, ages 3 to 7, 75c each
In plain Blue, White and Tan, ages 3 to 7, 95c
Girls' Princess Dresses in Tan and Blue, ages 6 to 14, at 1.50 each

Boys' Wash Suits

In Tan Blouse Suits at, ages 2 to 7, 75c
Buster Brown Suits, ages 2 to 7, in gray at 85c
Buster Brown Suits made of high grade Gallatea in Blue and White stripes, ages 2½ to 7, at 2.00
Buster Brown Suits made of high grade Galatea in stripes and plaids, ages 2½ to 7, at 2.25

Advance Sale on 1910 Dress Ginghams

They are the Choice of the Season's Out-put in Color and Designs 9c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 17½c, 25c

India Linons

Our Advance Sale on White Goods Is in Full Progress

India Linons at 12½c, 15c, 17½c, 25c, 30c, 35c yd
Flaxon Checks and Stripes at 25c, 35c the yard
White dotted Swiss at 15c, 17½c, 20c, 25c, 35c yd

Red Cross Cotton Bats, the finest, at 25c a Bas

Our Shoe Department

Deserves Your Attention. It is a Money Saver for you. Get Our Prices, Quality and Realize It

Children's Shoes 55c to 1.00 Ladies' Shoes 1.80 to 3.50
Girls' Shoes 1.35 to 2.50 Boys' Shoes 1.25 to 2.50
Men's Shoes 2.75 to 3.50

LEADER DEPARTMENT STORE

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

The American league will open its season April 1 this year.

Engine men on the Phiadephia & Reading railroad will get a 13 per cent increase, beginning February 1.

Mother Earth, an anarchistic publication, has been barred from the mais at the request of Anthony Comstock.

Senator Smoot has introduced a bill to annex that part of Arizona separated from the rest of the state by the Grand canyon to Utah.

The steamer Leelanaw has been purchased by the Alaska Steamship company for the Seattle-Nome trade. The price is stated to have been $80,000.

The candidacy of Congressman Butler Ames for the United States senate to succeed Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, has been formally announced.

Fire at Baker City, Or., last week did damage to property estimated at $284,000. The fire started from the furnace in the store of the Baer Mercantile Company.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, retired, who since his retirement has been on duty at Washington in connection with the work of the general naval board, has been relieved of that duty.

In the future all real estate subdivisions within the city limits of New Westminster, B. C., must show lots of not less than 33 feet frontage. Plans showing smaller lots will not be approved by the council.

The house committe on public lands has reported favorably the Mondell bill admitting to entry the surface of coal lands in the United States. The measure affects thirty million acres of land in Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

Paul Redieske, resigned deputy commissioner of public works; Michael M. McGovern, wealthy contractor, who has had many big city contracts, and nine city officials and employes of McGovern, have been indicted by the Chicago grand jury. They are charged with conspiracy to defraud the city of nearly a quarter million dollars.

INCORPORATION ACT READY FOR CONGRESS

Washington, Jan. 29.—After being subjected to the close scrutiny of prominent lawyers and undergoing repeated revision, the bill embodying the views of President Taft for a federal incorporation act is ready for action by congress.

Its preparation represents much labor by Attorney General Wickersham and Secretary Nagel, who have sought to draft a measure that will stand the test of the courts and safeguard public interests. In its main features the bill is in accord with the president's special message and with the preliminary draft published several weeks ago.

Corporations given a charter under the bill will be held to a strict accountability for the observance of its provisions, for no less tthan three distinct methods are available to dispossess them of the privilege of doing business. These are the rights of congess to alter, amend or repeal a charter; the right of the commissioner of coporations who issues the charter to sue for a receivership in case of a violation of any of its featurse or for alleged insolvency, and the right of the attorney general to begin proceedings for annulment for violation of the provisions of the Sherman anti trust act. Proceedings instituted by the commissioner of corporations or by the department of justice may be resisted by injunction or by other legal means.

Advocates of the bill believe it is gaining some favor in congress. They believe the measure will prove popular and while it necessarily will compel a readjustment of business methods by the corporate interests this will not be harmful to the "good trusts."

Monopoilstic combinations, it is declared, will be prevented, but ample provision is made for the organization of business within legal lines.

UNITED STATES BACKS DOWN IN TARIFF WAR

Washington, Jan. 29.—The United States government practically has decided to leave the German boycott on American cattle out of consideration in determining whether Germany shall be granted minimum tariff privileges, it is reported here.

Such a determination, it is said by government officials, would assure Germany a place among countries exempt from the 25 per cent increase in duties which the Payne-Aldrich law provides shall be imposed after March 31.

Word has been cabled to Germany, it is said, that the cattle point is waived by the United States, and the way is thus paved for a settlement of Germany's tariff relations with this country.

Washington State News Items

Application has been made at Wenatchee for a street railway franchise.

Olympia's new Y. M. C. A. building has been formally dedicated.

Plans are now under way for the incorporation of the town of Mansfield.

The city council of Aberdeen has ordered an investigation of the police department.

President Taft has nominated Robert W. Elwell as receiver of public moneys at Olympia.

The United States National Bank of Vancover has been authorized to begin business with a capital of $100,000

Articles of incorporation have been filed for the Union church of Centralia. A new church is to be erected immediately.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound railroad has begun the construction of its repair and car shops on the tide flats at Tacoma.

The proposition for issuing $73,000 water bonds for Kent was overwhelmingly carried at a special election Friday. Only 16 votes were cast against the bonds.

A. H. Sherwood has been appointed temporary superintendent of schools at Everett, to fill the office made vacant by the resignation of Superintendent D. A. Thornburg. Mr. Sherwood has been prominent in school affairs for many years.

More than a million persons used the reading rooms of the Seattle public library and branches last year, according to the estimate of Librarian J. T. Jennings, and loans of 579,543 books were made to 37,757 borrowers. The library contains, with additions made during the year, approximately 130,000 volumes.

King county has the largest sum of money this year ever at its disposal for the construction and improvement of county roads, totaling approximatey $755,000, of which $320,000 is available in the state-aid road fund, $115,000 in the road and bridge fund and $139,910 in the different road district funds.

RAILWAY COMMISSION MAY DETERMINE RATES

Olympia, Jan. 27.—The state railway commission won a victory in the state supreme court over the Northern Pacific when the court on Wednesday sustained the commission's findings fixing rates on hauling slab wood from the St. Paul and Tacoma mill to the Carstens plant, both on Tacoma tide lands. In its decision the supreme court said:

"A rate which has been continued in force for a considerable period of time is presumed to be reasonable and remunerative and the findings of the commission are presumed to be correct."

Chairman Fairchild, of the commission was asked what, if any, bearing upon the interurban rate hearing this decision would have, and said:

"This decision simply lays down the rule that the burden of proof is upon the transportation company to show reason for an advance in rates.

"The decision is of great importance, as it establishes the rule of what we have always contended is the law in such cases."

Contract for Million Grain Bags

Walla Walla. Jan. 31.—Farmers Saturday signed contracts for over a million grain bags to be delivered here. Bids for these bags were opened last Saturday. About a million more bags will be used by the farmers of this section.

To Make District of Columbia "Dry"

Washington, Jan. 31.—Representative Aiken, of South Carolina, has introduced a bill to prohibit the sale of liquor in the District of Columbia.

Seattle Market Report

Purchasing Prices

The following prices are offered to the producer by local dealers for delivery in round lots, f. o. b. Seattle.

Eggs—Select ranch, 33c doz.

Poultry—Live hens, 17c; old roosters, 9c; spring broilers, 17c; ducks, 17c; geese, 14c; turkeys, 22c; dressed turkeys, 25c.

Potatoes—$14@18 per ton.

Dressed veal — Small, 11@12c; large, 6@11c.

Dressed pork—Small, 10½@11c; large, 8@10½c.

Ranch butter—71c.

TACOMA QUOTATIONS

New wheat—Club, $1.08; bluestem, $1.18; red, $1.07; forty-fold, $1.11

Poultry—Turkeys, live, 22@24c; dressed, 24@28c; spring chickens, dressed, 20c; hens, dressed, 18c; ducks, live, 14; hens, live, 13; spring chickens, live, 15c; geese, fresh dressed, 18c.

Butter—Washington, 39c; fresh Eastern, 34@35c.

Eggs—Washington ranch, candled, 35c; Oregon, 27@30c; Eastern storage 27@30c.

Oats—$34@35; rolled oats, $35@36.

Hay, Alfalfa, Etc—Wheat hay, $19@20; timothy, $26@27; mixed, $20@22; wild, $18@21; clover, $22@23c; timothy aand clover, $24@25; alfalfa, $21@22; straw, $11@31.

Feed—Corn, $36; wheat, 39@40; barley, whole grain, $30@31; rolled, $32@33; shorts, $29@30; bran, 27@28; midlings, $32@34 oil meal, $44.

TO SELL CAPITOL TIMBER

STATE COMMISSION SOON TO DISPOSE OF HOLDINGS

Cruiser McCool Directed to Prepore Detailed Estimate of All Classes of Timber on Each of Tracts of Grant—Disposal of Proceeds.

Olympia, Jan. 29.—State timber lands in the capitol grant will be placed on sale in the near future. according to statements made by members of the state capitol commission, followiang an executive session of the commission here. At the meeting it was decided that Cruiser McCool, of Everett, who has had general charge of the cruise, should at once prepare in detail an estimate of the value of all classes of timber upon each tract in the grant. He also is to complete at once the cruise of the capitol lands in Stevens county. This work is expected to take about two weeks, and upon its completion the cnommission is to meet here and deterimne which of the lands will be first offered for sale.

Present at the meeting were Gov. Hay, Land Commissioner Ross, Audior Claussen, Tax Commissioner Frost, Senaor Alex Polson, of Hoquiam. A. S. Taylor, of Everett, and Michell Harris, of Olympia, all of the members of the commission.

The commission considered the detailed report of the cruisers, which shows the amount in board feet and various classes of timber upon each tract, the number of telephone poles and fence poles, etc.

This information was not considered sufficient to justify the commission at this time in ordering sale, it is said, because of the fact that the accessibility and other items have an effect on the price at which timber may be sold. It was to get an estimate of the selling value, in addition to the present knowledge of the stumpage amounts, that caused the commission to decide to await the additional report before planning sale. Mr. Taylor, of the commission, said:

"We simply want to know exactly what it is we have to sell, and what its probable value is, before we authorize any of the lands to be placed upon the market. It will be a relatively short time before we will have the additional information desired, and the commission will then meet again and decide what portions of the timber lands will be first offered for sale."

Under the law creating the commission, these lands, which were granted to the state for public buildings at the state capitol, are to be sold to meet the present debt of the capitol building fund, and the overplus of receipts is to be used for the construction of a new capitol building at Olympia, upon the old foundation at Capitol point.

BILL TO RESERVE ALASKA COAL LANDS

Washington. Feb. 1—Delegate Wickersham's coal bill, introduced yesterday, proposing to set aside 5,000 acres of coal land in each of the three coal districts of Alaska, also has a proviso adding to these 15,000 acrs all claims for which applications are now pending and which later may be forfeited to the United States. If the claims are as flimsy as the statements of the general land office would indicate, this means putting into permanent government reservations all the coal land now under claim.

Provides for Investigation

Another fature of the bill requires the interior department to turn over to the attorney general all facts and records in Alaska coal claims now pending (which means all coal claims in Alaska, for none have been patented) for investigation.

It puts into the attorney general's hands a l authority to institute contests looking to the cancellation of entries and confers jurisdiction on the district court of Alaska to try the cases.

The bill temporarily reserves all coal lands in Alaska not now claimed, pending the location by a presidential board of a national coal reserve of the 15,000 acres. The board is to conisst of three members, one a naval officer and one an officer of the geological survey.

After the selection of these lands and after all cancelled claims have been thrown into reserve, the remaining coal land in Alaska shall be open to entry and purchase under existing laws.

Hearing for Ballaine

The committee on territories has agreed to grant John E Ballaine a hearing Saturday morning on his proposition to build a railroad in Alaska, in consideration of a government guarantee on bonds and a coal lease. Members of the committee, however, say that they have no authority to act on the proposition; that it belongs either with the department of the interior or the committee on public lands.

Big Peach Crop Expected

North Yakima, Jan. 29.—Indications are that the peach crop of the Yakima valley will be enormous, double that of1 908, which was looked on as a big peach year. Buds are reported in good condition and the winter weather, crisp, but not too cold, is said to have been ideal for the trees. The apple crop, too, is promising.

ASK PRESIDENT TO HELP BRING INSURGENTS IN

Washington, Jan. 29.—Representtive Dwight, of New York, Republican whip of the house; Representative Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, and Representative Boutell, of Illinois, called at the White House to see what assistance the president would lend in stemming the tide of insurgency which is said to threaten the existence of the committee on rules.

The last cause for alarm on the part of the regulars was the Fowler resolution deposing the speaker as a member of the committee on rules and trebling its membership.

The regulars want the president's help, but Mr. Taft is reluctant to be come involved in the factional strife.

He made it clear that his main purpose is to obtain the enactment of certain legislation to which the Republican party is pledged and, of course, that he is willing to do what he can to harmonize the elements in the party when the point of action is reached upon any of these measures.

Later the president had a long talk with Representative Hayes, of California, commonly rated as an insurgent, and also with Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania. The purpose of the talk with the senator was to get an estimate of the chances of success of certain administration measures.

Apparently prospects were reported favorable for the postal savings bank bill, the Alaska bill, the bill validating the withdrawal of public lands for conservation purposes and the bill to enlarge the functions of the interstate commerce commission.

MOVES TO ENCOURAGE EXODUS TO THE COUNTRY

Spokane, Jan. 29 —To relieve the congestion of the cities, make life attractive for the present residents of the country districts and to increase the productiveness of every acre of tillable land in America, is the object of Gov. M. E. Hay, of Washington, in requesting President C. H. Fassett, of the Spokane Chamber of Commerce to appoint a committe of educators, business and profesisonal men to formulate a practical working plan for the country life movement inaugurated by former President Roosevelt. In his letter to President Fassett, Gov. Hay says:

"I am firmly convinced that there are more dissatisfied people in the cities than in the country. It is not the adult population of the country which is lured to the city, but the younger generation attracted by the glare and glimmer of better raiment, more leisure, less hardship and more social advantages. The city man in his wisdom, brain and body weary of the maelstrom of strenuous commercialism, looks longingly at the green fields, the rivers and the hills, yet dreads the bad roads, poor schools, limited social intercourse and many other conditions which must be rectified.

"It is my desire that you appoint a committee to formulate a practical working plan whereby these conditions will be so changed that the country life will be attractive alike to the tired city man and the youngster on the farm. Farming must be made a business and that business will soon become a pleasure. Every year the city demands its toll of humanity from the soil. In its insatiable maw it crunches the life out of thousands and demands more. It is our plain duty to repay part of that debt and to return to the country a large portion of the life which has been sacrificed upon the altar of greed."

When the committee makes its report, which is expected shortly, the governor will appoint chairmen of committees throughout the state to start the work of a permanent organization which promises to be one of the most far-reaching and important movements ever attempted in America. Intensive farming in the Inland Empire makes conditions ideal for the successful establishment of Roosevelt's ideas.

WHATCOM COUNTY GRANGES FIGHT WARRANT PAYMENT

Bellingham, Jan. 29.—Attorney Frank W. Bixby, who on Thursday sought to enjoin the county auditor from issuing warrants against the current expense fund in payment of the purchase price of the armory site, announces that practically every grange in the county is preparing to serve notice on the county treasurer that the said warrants are illegal and should not be paid, and that in the event that they are paid suit will be started against the treasurer's bondsmen to recover the amount so paid. Mr. Bixby says that he has been retained in the case by several of the members of the grange. His restraining order failed becase it was served a few minutes too late.

Tacoma to Send Reports to Washington

Tacoma, Jan. 29.—The local office of the department of commerce and labor has received instructions to forward hereafter to Washington monnthly industrial reports, which will be included in the bulletin published monthly by that department. Heretofore Tacoma has not been represented. Because of the volume of manufacturing done here, Tacomans feel sure the reports will be exceedinglly flattering to the city.

Pardon for Morse Sought

Washington, Jan. 31.—A number of agents have begun a house to house canvass here, seeking signatures to a monster petition to be presented to President Taft for the pardon of Banker Morse.

POWER OF LORDS TO BE LESS

ONE THING DETERMINED BY ELECTIONS IN GREAT BRITAIN

All Parties Agree That Power of Veto Should Be Denied Upper Body—All Parties to Support Rejected Budget—Little General Legislation Likely.

London, Jan. 31.—With Premier Asquith on the continent and Chancellor Lloyd-George closely following him, politicians are resting on their arms, discussing what lines of battle will be taken up in the new parilament.

The moral commonly drawn from the elections is that the country generally does not want radical changes in the house of lords or in the government policies. The spirit of conciilation, therefore, is abroad, and schemes for compromising are being debated.

Conservative papers propose the most interesting plans:

That a joint cabinet be chosen from the most moderate men of both parties to carry on the government for two years, and that a truce be declared on party questions in the meantime. A royal commission to investigate the counutry's fiscal policy and to make recommendations regarding tariff reform is proposed.

The newspaper scheme of coalition is not taken seriously by the Liberals, who, having won a narrow victory, object to having their opponents dictate the program.

Lord Rosebery's name is put forward for the premiership in the compromise cabinet, but Rosebery has for a long time refused office, and his popularity now is at low mark because of his course on the budget issues.

Sure to Reform House of Lords

The reform of the house of lords seems to be the one thing assured. Both parties support it. The lords themselves are willing to adopt moderate changes immediately, lest reforms that would knock the foundations from under the upper house be carried.

The result is likely to be the abolition of the hereditary principle.

Peers of the second generation are to be allowed to vote only after they have demonstrated their fitness to legislate by service in the house of commons, in civil office or in the army or navy.

The Conservatives are willing that the lords be deprived of the power to hold up taxation bills, if the plan be adopted whereby no new leislation shall be included in those bills.

Would Take Away Veto Power

The Liberals want to deprive the house of lords of the power to veto any bill whatsoever. Their favorite plan would be to compel the house of lords to adopt any bill sent to them for the third time by the house of commons, which, while making the house of commons consider a rejected bill carefully, would give that body the power to pass any leigslation on which it had determined in one session. It is taken for granted that the house of lords will pass the budget, since the country has decided against the lords, on the face of the election returns, but they may be obliged to erase the whisky taxes to get the votes of the Irish members.

Irish Party Can Do Little

Beyond the reform of the house of lords and the passage of the budget, parliament is not likely to get far with anything. Irish members probably will obtain the introduction of a home rule measure, but Conservatives will opposse that solidly and a number of Liberals are pledged against home rule also. Several cabinet changes are probabel when the new government is formed Reginald McKenna, who has been unpopular as first lord of the admiralty, will likely be dropped. Richard Burton Haldene, secretary for war, may become head of the navy.

John Burns, president of the local government board, will probably succeed Robert J. Gladstone as home secretary. Winston Spencer Churchill will take the place vacated by John Burns, and each will receive a salary of $25,000 instead of $12,500.

Sealing Controversy Near End

Victoria, B C., Jan. 29.—Advices have been received here by those interested in the sealing industry that negotiations begun between the United States, Great Britain, and Russia for a treaty to protect fur seals of the North Pacific are being delayed by Canada's claim for compensation for Canadian pelagic sealers. This is said to be the only obstacle in the way of a settlement of the long-vexed sealing question being reached.

Tourists Rates Announced

Seattle, Jan. 29.—Beginning with June 1 and from that time to September 1, time limit to October 30, tickets will be sold from St. Paul and Missouri river points at $60, and from Chicago at $72.50. For the Portland rose festival in June and the Ancient Order of Hibernians' convention at Portland in July, the rates are $63.50 from Chicago and $50 from St. Paul and Missouri river points.

Army Bill Completed

Washington, Jan. 31.—The army appropriation bill has been completed by the senate committee on military affairs. The bill carries about $95,000,000.

GOVERNOR EXPLAINS SPEECH ON ROADS TO GRANGE

Olympia, Jan. 31.—Gov. Hay made his peace with Thurston County Pomona Grange Saturday and the grange at its next regular meeting is expected to rescind its resolution of last week which expressed regret that the executive had taken the position he had in favor of the state constructing a main trunk road.

During the afternoon the governor addressed a meeting of the grange. Master Kegley, of the state grange, and a number of non-grange farmers of the county were in attendance. The governor stated that the interview published at Spokane, quoting him as favoring a trunk highway, was in error in that the article failed to include qualifications he had made. He asserted that he had arrived at no hard and fast conclusion, but that, if the present road laws are to remain in force, he believed highways should be built on a comprehensive scheme rather than the present hit-and-miss, begin-and-end-nowhere plan.

He declared thousands of dollars had been spent in Eastern Washington for state roads that were of little benefit to anyone and could only be reached by a pack horse. The state's money appropriated for highways, he said, is being to all intents and purposes thrown away, its expenditure being governed by legislative trades.

Master Kegley, of the state grange, said he favored an absolute repeal of the present state law, but until it is repealed he favored the governor's plans to use the funds toward construction of portions of what is designed to be a general trunk highway. Mr. Keglefy favored local option in road building, each county to be authorized to issue bonds to construct roads leading from centers of population.

AVIATORS AT TACOMA SIX DAYS LATE IN MAY

Tacoma, Jan. 31.—An aviation meet lasting six days will take place here the latter part of May. Attorney Ellis Lewis Garretson, who has been negotiatiug wtih Dick Ferris, promoter of the Los Angeles meet, received a telegram from Ferris Saturday definitely binding him to bring the French birdmen here at that time and giving a warrant to Garretson to go ahead and advertise the meet, and secure the initial tender of $15,000 in money. Garretson already has the promise of the money from the business men, Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club members, and the next move will be to select a location for the meet and erect a grand stand. As it now stands the Tacoma Golf Club grounds at South Tacoma will be selected for the meet, and will be inclosed by fencing for the event.

The date of the opening of the meet will be anuonnced February 7, following the close of the Denver aviation meet, according to Ferris' telegram. This city will do everything possible to make the meet notably successful, and Garretson says the only thing that can militate against the event is the chance of a spell of blowing, rainy weather. Such probability is considered remote, however, from the fact that the meet will take place in what is usually a month of very pleasant weather. The star attraction at the meet will be Paulham, the wonderful little Frenchman, whose flying feats were the wonder of many thousands at Los Anogeles and San Francisco.

Both the Farnham biplane and the Bleriot monoplane will be used, and high flying exhibitions and races will be of daily occurrence. An attepmt will be made to have the dirigile balloons which were at Los Angeles here.

COMMERCIAL BODIES OPPOSE GERMAN TARIFF DISPUTE

Washington, Jan. 29.—Alarmed by the critical turn in the tarrff controversy between the United States and Germany, appeals from chambers of commerce and boards of trade of sixty cities were made to the National Board of Trade at its session here, urging that body to recommend that the state department recede from its position that American beef cattle must be admitted to Germany.

Resolutions presented to the national body maintain there can be no advantage in insisting on a German market for American beef, because the home consumption is increasing at such a rate that it will soon demand all the supply.

It is pointed out that the Argarian party, in control of the reichstag has stood for the principle that farmers of Germany must supply its beef, and that the imperial government could not admit the American product even if it would. A commission to settle the dispute is suggested.

Many delegates bringing from their home cities demands for an investigation into the high cost of living made that subject foremost, and the national body decided to appoint a special committee of five men to determine the reasons for present prices.

Pacific Cruisers at Honolulu

Honolulu, Feb. 1.—The Pacific cruiser fleet arrived here yesterday, one day ahead of the original schedule laid out in Washington. The fleet sailed from Yokohama January 21. The fleet will sail for San Francisco on February 8.

First Volunteer Passes Away

Worcester, Mass., Jan. 31.—Simon Chandler, said to have been the first man to enlist in a regularly organized military company in response to Lincoln's call for volunteers in the Civil war, died Saturday at his home in this city.

MILLIONS IN COAL ROYALTY

SEATTLE MAN MAKES OFFER FOR ALASKA MINING PRIVILEGE

General Features of His Plan Said to Have Approval of High Administration Officials—Government Profits Are Figured Into the Billions.

Washington. Jan. 29.—During the past week a new factor appeared to add intensity to the already sufficiently excited situation over the Alaska coal lands.

John E. Ballaine, of Seattle, one of the largest individual owners of property in Alaska, made a proposition in writing to the senate committee on territories, offering the government a royalty of 50 cents a ton on coal mined for the lease of 5,000 acres of some of the choicest coal lands in Alaska, in the Katalla and Matanuska districts. Such a tonnage royalty would net the government, Mr. Ballaine claims, as high as $2,000,000 per hundred acres.

This proposal contemplates a radical departure from past practices in the government's disposal of Alaska coal lands, and it comes avowedly to do battle with another proposition embodied in a bill that has been prepared, but not introduced, designed to permit the sale or lease of such lands at a rate of $10 an acre.

It is said the general features of the plan have the approval of officials high in the administration, and of influential members of both houses of congress, including some of the prominent insurgent Republicans and of Delegate Wickersham, of Alaska.

Offers Bond of $1.000,000

Mr. Ballaine, in his letter to Senator Beveridge, chairman of the committee, offers to enter into a bond of $1,000,000 with the government for the performance of his part of the agreement he proposes

Mr. Ballaine asks congress to authorize the head of a department, to be designated in the legislation, to enter into a lease with a coal company to be organized by him, for 5,000 acres of Matanuska coal land under all provisions for regulation and against monopolistic control of prices, as stipulated in the bill recently introduced by Senator Nelson in conformtiy with recommendations of Secretary Ballinger's annual report. This company would pay the United States and Alaska a royalty of 50 cents per ton for the coal as mined.

He asks the government to provide, as a condition on its part, that no other coal land in Alaska shall be leased on payment of a smaller royalty, and also to agree that at least half the government supply of coal shall be obtained from this company or from a naval coaling reserve which the government may establish and operate in the Matanuska district, shipping the product to Seward at rates to be fixed by the interstate commerce commission over a railroad, plans for the construction of which he outlined.

This railroad, approximately 1,000 miles in all, is proposed to run from the Pacific coast at Seward through the interior valleys to the more strategic points on navigable rivers.

So much as may be needed from the payment of the royalty on the 5,000 acres, the Ballaine proposal stipulates, is to constitute a fund for the guarantee of the payment of the interest on bonds of the railroad company, which Mr. Ballaine agrees shall be organized upon lines approved by the head of the department to be designated by congress. Should any of the guarantee fund from the royalty on coal be required in its early stages to pay the interest on the bonds of the railroad, the fund is to be reimbursed out of subsequent earnings of the road.

Mr. Ballaine quotes the United States geological survey as stating in one of its recent reports that there are 16,000,0000,000 tons of coal in sight in the known coal areas of Alaska and probably at least as much again in regions yet unexplored, and he pointed out that the leasing of these areas on a royalty basis such as he was offering for 5,000 acres would ultimately bring to the government a net revenue from that source exceeding $8,000,000,000.

TEN THOUSAND SOLDIERS IN CAMP THIS SUMMER

Tacoma, Jan. 29.—Approximately 10,000 soldiers will participate in the military encampment at the American lake maneuver grounds during the coming summer, according to news that has reached here. The forces will be about equally divided between state militia and army regulars, the militia of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana and Wyoming being included together with four troops of cavalry, two batteries of field artillery, forty-three companies of infantry, one company of engineers and a signal and hospital corps.

Brig. Gen. Marion P. Maus will be the commanding general.

Union Pacific at Aberdeen March 15

Aberdeen, Jan. 31.—If no further delay results, the Union Pacific tracks will be laid to South Aberdeen by March 15. There will be seven stations located between Aberdeen, Grays Harborand Rocehster. The work of track laying, interrupted in Decmeber on account of high water, will be resumed about February 10. All of the material is now on the ground.

HIGH PRICES INQUIRY TAKEN UP IN CONGRESS

Washington, Feb. 1.—President Taft and Republican leaders in the house favor a thorough investigation of the high cost of living, and it was determined yesterday that the ways and means committee should make a full inquiry into the matter.

Chairman Payne and Minority Leader Clark, of Missouri, were designated to draft a resolution regulating the scope of the inquiry.

When the matter was brought up in committee consideration was given to various resolutions, now before the rules committee, providing for an inquiry into the cost of living.

It was suggested that the ways and means committee, because of the recent exhaustive tariff inquiries, was already in possession of a vast amount of information upon the subject, and consequently was in a better position than any other body to undertake this work.

Members of the committee were given to understand, it is said, that Mr. Tatf desired a thorough investigation.

From members it was learned that if the hoouse authorizes the ways and means committee to proceed with the investigation, various subcommittees may be named to go to different parts of the country to take testimony.

DEMAND UNIFORM SIGNING OF CONTRACTS

Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—The joint scale conference between the operators and the bituminous coal miners in Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, and the organized mine workers of those states, appointed for today at Toledo, was postponed by the convention of the United Mine Workers of America last night because the convention had not completed its business.

The day was taken up by the wage scale resolution demanding an increase for pick and machine mining of 10 cents a ton, and an equivalent increase for workmen inside and outside of mines, and stipulating that mined coal shall be weighed before screened, and paid for on that basis.

Contracts in all the bituminous coal fields of the United States and Canada are to be made on this scale this year, and no district will be permitted to sign a contract until all have secured the uniform agreement with the operators. The miners' purpose, as expressed in the convention, is to make any strike order an national strike.

WASHINGTON LUMBERMEN AVERT BIG PRICE WAR

Seattle, Feb. 1.—That Saturday's action of the Pacific Coast Lumber Manufacturing Association in adopting a resolution pledging the members to manufacture odd length lumber and insist on retailers accepting at least 15 per cent of such lumber, averted what would probably have developed into a bitter price war, is the opinion expressed by Seattle lumbermen. Local lumbermen state that had Washington manufacturers refused to support odd lengths and left the Oregon manufacturers to shift for themselves with odd lengths, they have assurance that Southern millmen would have retaliated by cutting prices, and that a breach between the manufacturers of the two states would have been inevitable The passage of a resolution to stand by the Oregon manufacturers in the odd lengths movement put the manufacturers of both states on the same footing and puts price cutting out of the questtion, according to millmen.

HEBREWS ADVISED TO SPREAD OVER COUNTRY

New York, Feb. 1—"Distribute over the country; don't congregate," is the advice of Jacob H Schiff to Jews, made public through the Young Men's Hebrew Association of this city.

"It is true," continued the banker, "that this country yet has room and a profitable ilving for two or three million more Jews, but we don't want them to settle where congestion will militate against their making a livelihood. We want to facilitate their going away from New York. In the West and South there are boundless opportunities."

Great Northern to Have Motor Cars

Seattle, Feb. 1.—The Great Northern railway, within the next three months will furnish residents of the country between Seattle and Everett with an hourly shuttle service, according to plans announced yesterday. With the new double track, which will be completed by June 15, some fast time is expected. For this service gasoline motors will be employed, with power, baggage and passenger rooms contained in each car, these to be run hourly from each end of the line.

Gompers Hearing in October

Washington, Feb. 1.—The Bucks Stove & Range Company litigation with the American Federation of Labor, out of which grew the contempt sentences against President Gompers, Vice Prvesident Mitchell and Secretary Morrison, now pending betore the United States supreme court in three appeals, has been set for hearing by that court for October next.

Educators to Meet in Boston

Winona, Minn., Feb. 1.—The executive committee of the National Educati onal Association has announced that the forty-eighth annual convention will be held in Boston July 2 to 8.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANK BILL

MEASURE INTRODUCED BY SENATOR CARTER OF MONTANA.

Drafted by Sub-committee on Postoffices and Postroads—All Offices of Class Authorized to Issue Money Orders to Receive Deposits.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The postal savings bank bill, drafted by Senators Carter, Dolliver and Owen, a subcommitte of the committee on postoffices and post roads, has been introduced by Senator Carter. It was referred to the postoffice committee.

The bill provides that a system of postal savings depositaries, unfler the supervision of a board of trustees, to consist of the secretary of the treasury, the postmaster general and the attorney general shall be established.

This board is authorized to make all regulations regarding custody of moneys deposited with the postal savings banks.

All Offices Depositaries

All postoffices of a class authorized to issue money orders, and such others as the postmsaster general may designate, are declared to be postal savings depositaries. They are to receive deposits from the public and are to be kept open for the transaction of business in the usual postoffice business hours of the town or locality where they are situated.

Accounts may be opened by any person ten years old or more, and by married women in their own names and free from interference by their husbands.

No person will be permitted to have more than one account.

Only $100 a Month

An account cannot be opened for less than $1 and not more than $100 can be deposited in any one month. All deposits must be in multiples of $1, but that smaller amounts may be accumulated for deposits, savings cards will be issued and 10-cent postal savings stamps sold. When these cards and attached stamps show an investment of $1 or multiples thereof, they will be received as deposits.

Deposits in postal savings banks will draw 2 per cent interest, credited to the books of the depositors once a year. No person will be allowed to have a balance in excess of $500, exclusive of accumulated interest.

To Redeposit Funds

Funds received by the postal savings banks are to be deposited in banks, subject to public supervision, and as nearly as practicable in the neighborhood in which the funds are received. The banks are to pay for the funds not less than 2¼ per cent interest.

The deposits are to be distributed among local banks on the basis of their capital and surplus, and the banks may give indemnity bonnds to insure the safety and prompt payment of deposits.

At its option any bank may deposit collateral securiitty, subject to the approval of the board.

Provision for Profits

In the event that banks refuse to receive postal deposits on the terms prescribed, the funds may be deposited with the treasurer of the United States.

Provision is made for the maintenance of a reserve fund not exceeding 10 per cent of thetotal funds deposited.

Interest and profits accruing from deposits or investments of postal savings banks are to be applied to the payment of expenses of administration, and any excess is to be part of the postal revenues.

STATE EXECUTIVE OFFICES MEET WITH GOVERNOR

Olympia, Jan. 29.—The initial meeting of Gov. Hay's cabinet was informal and executive and devoted almost entirely to an interchange of ideas as to future meetings and the scope they should take. There were present Chairman Fairchild and Messrs. Jones and Lawrence, of the railway commission; Rockwell, of the tax commission; Labor Commissioner Hubbard and Highway Commissioner Bowlby. The announced purpose of the meetings is to bring all departments of the governor's official family into harmony of effort and to give to the governor and to each department the benefit of the advice and suggestions of the other department heads. Similar meetings will probably be held weekly.

PANAMA LIBEL SUIT DISMISSED BY COURT

New York, Jan 29.—Judge Charles M. Hough, in the United States district court, has issued an order quashing the indictment charging criminal libel against the Press Publishing Company, publishers of the New York World, in connection with the purchase of the Pananma canal.

The indictment was returned by a federal grand jury during the campaign in which Taft was elected president,.

The World and the Indianapolis News published dispatches alleging that the Panama canal was sold to the government by a coterie of financiers at a great profit for capitalists over the price they paid the French government.

REMINDED.

After She Had Heard the Story Miss Cornelia Wanted to Telephone.

"We're all upset here this morning," said the young woman who was showing ready-made suits to Miss Cordelia Grant. "One of the girls in our department lost her mother very suddenly. I've been trying to get together some black things for her to wear."

Miss Cordelia looked disturbed. She had suddenly remembered a hurt expression on her own mother's face. It had been just before she left the house that morning. Then, witn a murmur of sympathy, she gave her attention once more to deciding between the gray stripe and the small brown check.

Half an hour later, when she had chosen her suit and was waiting for the fitter in a small mirror-lined room, the saleswoman, who was waiting, too, spoke again of the matter that was filling her heart.

"One of our girls lost her mother last night," she said, quite forgetting that she had told it. "I had just finished getting together some black things for her when you came in."

"Yes; you were telling me," Miss Cordelia answered, with the same troubled look that had come before.

"Was I? Well, I can't think of much else. It was so terribly sudden. Her mother had supper all ready, just as usual,—they two lived together,—and then she dropped dead, a few minutes before the girl got home."

"Oh!"

"Wasn't it terrible? Heart failure, I suppose. And Frances was telling me only yesterday she didn't know how she could ever live without her mother—they were so wrapped up in each other. Wasn't it strange that should happen on the very day? One good thing, though. She told me that if either one of 'em should be taken, there'd be nothing but sweetness for the other to remember—no hard words, ever. I'm glad of that." She wiped her eyes. "What is it, madam? Something missing?"

"No," said Miss Cordelia, who had been searching through her bag. "Only I must get a nickel somewhere and send a telephone message."

"I have one right here. Yes, and welcome. I tell you, as soon as I heard of Frances' trouble, I couldn't do a thing till I got a dime changed and called up my mother, just to make sure she was safe. All I could think was what if a certain remark I made before I left the house should be the last word I'd ever have a chance to speak to her. When I got to the telephone, there I found two other girls waiting to do the same thing."

A gleam of sisterhood lighted Miss Cordelia's face. "It's exactly what I want of this nickel," she confided, as she took it.—Youth's Companion.

SQUIRREL AND THE PLAGUE.

Rodent Is Shown to Be an Incubator of the Black Death.

One hot day in the summer of 1903 a German blacksmith in the country town of Pacheco, Cal., wanted a mess of ground squirrel for his dinner. He banked his forge, hung up his leather apron, took the old shotgun from its pegs on the wall and had an excellent afternoon's sport in a nearby field. That evening he feasted on fat, tender broiled squirrels. Three days later he was taken violently ill—so ill, in fact, that the physician who was called sent him to the German hospital in San Francisco. The doctor, a man of keen intelligence and acute observation, realized that he was dealing with a disease which he had never met before and the exact identity of which he was unable to determine.

At this time bubonic plague existed in Chinatown, San Francisco, and the task of eradicating it had been assigned to a young officer of the public health and marine hospital service who was afterward to take foremost rank among the world's authorities on that disease. His ability was already recognized by the medical profession, and he was called to diagnose the strange disease which had attacked the country blacksmith. He saw at once that the patient was suffering from bubonic plague—the black death—and was able to prove this bacteriologically after the death of the man.

Passed Assistant Surgeon George W. McCoy of the federal laboratory in San Francisco, whose bacteriological work on the ground squirrel marks an advance in plague investigation, finds that many of the ground squirrels sent in for examination have the disease in light form or are recovering from a severe attack, William Colby Rucker says in Harper's Weekly. Usually when the germs from such a case are injected into rats or guinea pigs they die quite as rapidly as if they had been given a dose of the most virulent plague bacteria known. In other words, although the disease does not seem to kill off all of the squirrels after it has traveled through several generations, it regains its virulence when injected into another species. The squirrel, then, is the animal in which the disease is kept alive, a sort of natural living incubator, as it were, and when plague leaves the squirrels for another species widespread death and suffering follow in its train. Dr. Blue's officers and men have scoured the city of San Francisco and ridden it of plague. The present movement looks to the eradication of this outside focus, the extermination of the disease from California.

It keeps the State legislatures busy making new laws as fast as the old ones are broken.

The man who makes a specialty of looking wise usually isn't

FARM AND GARDEN

Stick to the Farm!

"Stick to the farm," says the President
To the wide-eyed farmer boy,
Then he hies him back to the White
House home,
With its air of rustic joy.

"Stick to the farm," says the railroad
king
To the lad who looks afar,
Then hikes him back on the double
quick
To his rustic private car.

"Stick to the farm," says the clergyman
To the youth on the worm fence
perch,
Then he lays his ear to the ground to
hear
A call to a city church.

"Stick to the farm," says the doctor
wise,
To those who would break the rut,
Then hies him where the appendix
grows
In bountiful crops to cut.
—McLandburgh Wilson in New York Sun.

Why Boys Leave the Farm.

An official connected with an eastern agricultural college has made a summary of the reasons given by 155 sons of farmers for abandoning the pursuit of their fathers. Sixty-two of this number said that farming does not pay. A strong argument can be made on the idea that it pays better than other forms of business. The secretary of agriculture has stated that the products of the soil in this country in 1905 reached a value of $6,000,000,000, which is a good deal of wealth to divide up as a reward in one industry. Seventeen of the young men said the hours of labor on the farm are too long. No doubt they meant at certain seasons, but this is a detail open to adjustment. Twenty-six thought social advantages on the farms are not equal to those in cities, which is also a matter of opinion. Sixteen said they had a natural bent for something else, which is a point that deserves consideration always. Others objected to farm monotony, and fifteen said they would return to farming as soon as they made a pile of money at something else.

Many of these young men are the victims of illusion, and, unfortunately, of a kind curable only by experience. Probably they are not aware that 90 per cent of those who branch out into general business fail to accumulate any considerable wealth, while the positive wreckage in means, health and comfort is large. A farm is never monotonous to a good farmer. It is rather a book of fresh interest each succeeding day. A surplus at the end of a year is the rule on the farm; in the city a surplus is the exception, and the style of family living, on the whole, is in favor of the country. But statistics show that plenty of boys remain on the farms. The farming population of the United States in 1900 was four times as large as in 1850, and the value of their property increased five fold, or from $4,000,000,000 to $20,000,000.

Do Farmers Read Bulletins?

I have noticed one thing in particular while traveling in some of our best agricultural states, and that is, when I see a number of well dressed farmers discussing beef and milk rations, feeding young animals for a healthy development, nitrogen, potassium and phosphorus and their functions in plant growth and protein and carbohydrates and their functions in animal growth, I am invariably in a prosperous and up-to-date community. Now, the question is, do the best and most intelligent farmers read their bulletins and keep in touch with their station workers and read the agricultural press, or does the reading of these bulletins and agricultural papers make more intelligent farmers? It is one or the other considered from either standpoint, for these bulletins and agricultural papers are not read by the poor and uneducated class of farmers, neither do they circulate as freely among the poorer farmers as they do among the farmers in the better agricultural communities. — Agricultural Epitomist.

No Use for the Horns.

When cattle were raised on the range a good set of horns was necessary for protection. An all-wise creator put them there for that purpose. On the farm a cow or a steer is not in need of horns. Breeders are breeding them off very rapidly. Even the long-horned Hereford has a polled strain now, and it is predicted by many that within twenty-five years a horned animal of the bovine race will be a curiosity. On the other hand, advocates of horns say the hornless strain of every horned breed is undersized, and until it can come up to those that have horns in size and weight people will want the horned cattle of both shorthorn and Hereford breeds. However, there is no reason for leaving the horns on after they are there. The time to take them off is when the animal is young, and the way to do it is with any of the prepared horn killers. But take them off with the saw rather than let them go. It is more humane to do it than not to do it.—Farmers' Mail and Breeze

Brush for Soil Wash.

There is nothing quite so good as fine brush to catch and hold soil wash. Where small trees are used to fill a gully the top of the tree should be placed toward the head of the gully, so that all soil and trash coming down will be caught in the forks of the branches. If the tree is placed in the opposite direction the descending trash will slip more easily by and over it. For the same reason, in filling a gully with brush and branches, the tops of the brush should be placed upstream.

Where gullies have been formed during the summer by soil washing it is well to fill them as early as possible in the fall while the leaves are still on the brush with which they are filled. When they are filled early and before the leaves of the trees have fallen, many leaves, as well as grass and weeds that may be blown about the fields by fall and winter winds will be caught in the brush to decay, will help fill and will form good soil. The brush itself will decay in a year or two, so that when the gully is filled it cannot only be plowed over, but will become the best soil. Never fill a gully with soil, unless some brush or similar material is put in the bottom to hold the soil.

In mending a steep place in the roadside, briers, brush and all fence row mowings make good material to lay down to place the dirt upon. If rocks are available it is best to first lay brush in the place to be filled, then place the rocks upon the brush, and last the dirt upon the rocks and brush. These will hold and bind the dirt until it becomes settled and firm, and it will be less subject to washing and being cut up by travel in wet weather. Never burn a bit of brush on the place, but put it to some good use.

Breeding Swine.

In breeding swine or live stock of any kind the breeder should have a well defined object in view, a point toward which to work, a type, an ideal, if you will, well fixed in his mind.

All hogs of the same breed are not alike, and it is this fact that makes improvement of any breed possible. There are different types of the same breed for the breeder to select from, and the intelligence and judgment used in the selection of the animals reserved for breeders will sooner or later demonstrate the success or failure of the breeder. Of course, methods of feeding and care cut an important figure. Many men who are good feeders of swine are very poor breeders, but few good breeders are poor feeders.

The tendency of all our improved animals is to revert backward toward the original type, and in the case of swine it should be borne in mind that while there is no stock that can be so rapidly improved by judicious selection, care and feed, there is none that will degenerate so quickly under neglect.—Kansas Farmer.

Vitality of Seeds.

The period for which the seeds of different plants maintains their vitality varies a good deal. The seeds of some vegetables are worthless after they are two years old, while the seeds of other plants improve with age until a certain period. For instance: the seeds of artichokes are good until they are three years old; asparagus, four years; beans, two years; kidney beans, one year; beets, ten years; broccoli, four years; cabbage, four years; carrot, one year; cauliflower, four years; celery, ten years; corn, three years; cucumber, ten years; egg plant, three years; endive, four years; kale, four years; leek, two years; lettuce, three years; melon, ten years; pea, two years; okra, two years; onion, two years; pumpkin, ten years; radish, four years; salsify, two years, spinach, four years; squash, four years; tomato, two years, and turnips, four years.

Scab in Sheep.

The disease commonly called sheep scab is one of the oldest known, most prevalent and most injurious maladies which affect sheep. It is a contagious skin disease caused by a parasitic mite. Investigation has shown that the disease is not hereditary, as the parasites which cause it live on the external surface of the body. It is possible, however, for a lamb to become infected from a scabby mother at the moment of birth or immediately thereafter. The treatment must consist of external cures to "purify the blood." Proper hygienic conditions alone, though of importance in connection with the subject of treatment, cannot be relied upon to cure scab. The only rational treatment consists in using some external application which will kill the parasites. By far the most rational and satisfactory and the cheapest method of curing scab is by dipping the sheep in some liquid which will kill the parasites.

Silo Feeding.

Not only must the silo be erected, shelter must be provided for the cattle during winter. Then if corn is fed in the form of silage there will be successful results. A great many farms buy stock cattle in the fall of the year, turn them into stalk fields and resell them toward spring as feeders. If the market is normal there will usually be a profit, but it, nevertheless, is a wasteful practice. A much greater profit would be secured from silo feeding as mentioned.

The Cost of Keeping a Cow.

According to careful experiments, the cost of keeping a cow a year with the best of feed and shelter, labor and interest on the investment included, all told, amounts to $55. If, then, the cow can not be made to produce more than $55, she is not worth keeping. A good cow ought to produce at least $110, or double the cost of her keep.

An Urgent Call Again For You to Save

Money on supplying yourself or family with good foot-wear at prices that are more than right. We still have thousands of dollars tied up here in the best shoes made—shoes such as only the best makers can turn out—and we wish to show you. No use for us to sit down with a long face and mourn for trade. Instead, we have to get a move on us—have to get busy and do things. That's we are willing to show you and make you prices on the best shoes for the smallest amount of money that is possible

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, FEB. 4, 1910

It is not by what we are going to do tomorrow we serve ourselves and our fellow men, but by what we actually do today.

The splendid audience of our best citizens at the opera house Sunday evening to listen to the address of Mr. Doty upon a question of vital interest to all, and the magnificent collection of over one hundred dollars, attest in no mistaken way to the fact that the present agitation being carried on by our church people and the Olympic-Leader for temperance and moral reform in our community is bearing fruit abundantly.

It is passing strange how biased, narrow and unfair some people can be. Two weeks ago, when the Tribune-Times printed Mr. Hallahan's alleged statement of the condition of the city electric light plant, the editor of that paper had nothing but praise for the ranting—that was just the stuff. When Mayor Lewis replied in a dignified way last week, giving the other side of the question, the side of tax payer, the people's side, the T.-T. was of the opinion "that the average citizen knows little and cares less about amperes, killowatts, etc." As a friend at our right suggests, "that fellow could crawl through the leak in the kitchen sink."

PREACHED FAREWELL SERMONS

Rev. Edgar M. Rogers preached farewell sermons at St. Andrews Episcopal Church Sunday, and on Monday, with Mrs. Rogers, bade their friends good bye and departed for their new field of labor in South-eastern California. Large audiences gathered at the church both morning and evening. At the evening service the house was completely filled. At the morning service Rev. Rogers left this message with his people: "Take heed how ye hear" Live the life. Not the subscribing to a creed constitutes the true Christian. Take the message home with you, study it well, and live up to it. Then, and only then can you be a true follower of the Christ. In the evening he spoke to the boys; he said that he had purposed speaking otherwise, but as there were so many young men and boys present, he would speak a few words to them. While we did not have the pleasure of hearing it, we understand that it was a heart to heart talk to the young men with whom he had been so closely and intimately associated in the Sunday school and in athletic and other manly sports. He is a friend of the boys and has done much for the moral and physical advancement of the youth of Port Angeles.

He and his charming wife will not only be missed in all church work at St. Andrews, in which they always took such an active and helpful part, but they will be missed from the community at large. Mrs. Rogers will be sadly missed here, where her sweet and pleasing manner, coupled with her great musical ability, made her a valuble addition to church and society. Mr. Rogers work for doing good was not confined to his church, but was often of that kind which says, "Let not thy right hand know what thy left hand doeth." He was a friend to the lowly and needy and was constantly sowing seed by the wayside, where it would do the most good.

Among the friends at the boat to bid these good people farewell and God speed were a number of Indian women and children whom they had befriended in various ways, even to teaching them the alphabet, and in pointing the way to a higher and better life.

The Bishop has commissioned Mr McCullow to take charge of the services and the church work until such time as a regularly ordained mininter shall have been appointed, and services will be held regularly, as heretofore. The Rev. Mr. Cheal, the popular Rector of this church a few years ago, will be here to administer holy communion.

Meyers' Spray Pumps

Tree Pruners

Lime for Spraying

Plows Harrows

Planet Jr. Seeders and Cultivators

Flower, Garden and Field Seeds

R. D. WILLSON
HARDWARE CO.

SECURED EASY GRADE

From page 1.

lcum valley, and now that it has earned that such a route exists, those who claim to know profess very little doubt but that the new road will within a short time open its campaign in this section.

A Seattle contractor who a couple of weeks ago was figuring on securing a water power site on the Dungeness river, after spending considerable time endeavoring to locate the owner of the property, ascertained that he had recently disposed of his location and that the latest purchaser was at that time negotiating with the Milwaukee road for the sale of the property. The recent activity of that road in securing additional holdings in this section, as evidenced by the option given on the Discovery mill property, is believed to presage important developments. There has been a persistent rumor for weeks past that negotiations are on for the purchase of the entire timber holdings of the Puget Mill Co. by the Milwaukee, and it is even declared that cruisers are now looking over the lands held by the corporation, with a view to arriving at a basis for negotiations. Should the Milwaukee secure these vast holdings, together with the $2,000,000 worth of property now under option from the Simpson Logging company, it will mean that the railroad company will control the greater part of the timber in this section, outside the forest reserve. It will mean, further, that the road must do something immediately to get its timber on the market, and the latest movements around Port Ludlow certainly look like the long threatened invasion is about to begin.

AFTER THE COUGARS

To rid the Olympics of cougars, and to protect a herd of 500 or more elk, is the task assigned P. C. Peterson, government hunter in the employ of the forestry service, who has just been relieved of his detail in the Cascades, and will take his new assignment at once, with headquarters at Port Angeles.

Peterson has practically cleared the hither side of the Cascades in King county of the big cats. It is estimated that 500 elk remain in the Olympic peninsula, and these are being rapidly diminished in number by the ravages of the cougars, which are said to take toll of at least one elk a week for every cougar.

"P.C. Peterson is the greatest hunter in this western country," says the King County Game Warden. He has been government ranger in the Cascades for the past four years, and has made a great record His killings the last year have reached beyond the 100 mark, including both cougars and wild cats. He has a a pack of nine hounds that are especially trained to their work, that cannot be duplicated for $3,000. Two are Kentucky bloodhounds, and the remainder are English fox hounds. Peterson is an enthusiast in his particular line. He is a little, wiry fellow, about 30 years old; he does not drink or smoke, and I never knew him to even be profane in his language.

In the course of his address at the opera house here Sunday evening, Boyd P. Doty, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of Washington, referred to what Gov. Hay had to say when Wilbur, his old home town, went dry. The Governor sent the following telegram to a friend there: "Kindly convey my congratulations to the good people of Wilbur upon their splendid victory. By today's action Wilbur takes her place among the progressive towns of the state. I am proud of Wilbur and the stand she has taken. The American saloon is a curse to any community and the sooner it is wiped out of existence the better it will be for all, and for none more than the saloonkeeper himself."

A dispatch from Port Townsend to the P.-I., says: Reports from Western Jefferson received here January 29, by Sheriff McInnis, state that the recent floods along the Hoh, Queets and Clearwater rivers left death and destruction in their wake. A number of ranchers living along the banks of those rivers were forced to flee from their homes to the high lands to save their lives. The 10 year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Streator was drowned. The roads and trails were washed out and nearly all settlers suffered considerable loss of property and stock. The floods were the severest since the settlement of these sections.

Take a tour of the World at Parish Hall February 5th. Admission ten cents.

ECONOMICAL BUYERS

With prices soaring beyond the reach of the purse of the average man, there is no wonder at the discontent among the bread winners. But natural laws will control this as well as they have controlled other crisises in the history of all people.

We are trying to help, all that is in our power, and will quote you the cheapest goods to buy, everything quoted we will absolutely guarantee.

Gold Star Oleomargarine, 35cts. per pound.

Excelsior Oleomargarine, 25cts per pound.

This is largely creamery butter, the other components are highly nutritious pure animal fats, repeatedly refined, highly pastuerized, making it better and cleaner than most of the creamery butter.

Gladiator Flour, fifty pound sacks, $1.40. This flour is not suitable for yeast bread but makes fine biscuits; is better than the high patents for cakes, pie crust and all pastry.

Compound Lard, 15 cents per pound. The compound we are selling we guarantee to contain more hog fat than any other brand on the market, together with vegetable and animal oils, made perfectly pure by steam.

We have bought enough beef to last us for the next two months and at prices that will enable us to sell as we have in the past.

Boil beef, 8 and 9 cents, roasts 10 to 12½ cts., leg lamb 15cts, leg pork 15cts, loin pork 15cts, corned beef 8 to 10cts, round steak, 12½cts, loin steaks 15cts, porter house 12½cts, chops 15cts.

"Butterfat Alfalfa Meal" can be used to feed any kind of stock without mixing with any other kind of feed; contains three parts carbohydrates to one part protein which makes it a better balanced ration than bran or shorts.

For dairy cows it costs ten per cent less and produces twenty per cent more butter fat than any other feed.

Fattens hogs in half the time at less cost than corn.

Keeps horses fat, glossy and in fine condition the year round.

There is no waste in feeding, costs less to handle and all stock will eat it to the last particle. One sack, 80 cts., five sack lots, 75 cts. each.

We must have your patronage, for we must have a large volume of business to be able to sell all of our lines very close.

Yours truly,
E. W. MERRILL & CO.

No. 442.

Notice of Settlement of Final Account

In the matter of the estate of Elan T. Cays deceased.

In the Superior Court of Clallam county, State of Washington.

Notice is hereby given, that Arthur W. Cays, administrator of the estate of Elan T. Cays, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of Clallam county, State of Washington, his final account and petition for distribution; and that Saturday the fifth day of March, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the court room of our said Superior court, in the city of Port Angeles, in said Clallam county, has been duly appointed by our said Superior court, for the settlement of the final account and distribution, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to said final account and contest the same.

Witness, the Hon. Geo. Venable Smith, Commissioner of said Superior Court, and the seal of said court affixed this 2nd day of February, A.D. 1910.

HORACE WHITE, County clerk and clerk of the Superior court.

To The Voters
OF PORT ANGELES.

Notice is hereby given that the Poll Books for registration for year 1910 are now open.

C. E. SHIELDS,
City Clerk.

Seattle List No. 01857.

Notice for Publication.

United States District Land Office, Seattle, Washington, Jan. 8, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that William F. Baker by Albert L. Warner, his attorney in fact, whose post office address is Seattle, King County, Washington, has the 7th day of January, 1910, filed in this office his application to select under the provisions of the act of June 4, 1897, (30 Stat., 36)

N½; N½ SE¼ Sec. 21, Tp. 30 N., R 14 W., W. M. (surveyed).

Any and all persons claiming adversely the lands described, or desiring to object because of the mineral character of the land, or for any other reason, to the disposal to the applicant, should file their affidavits of protest in this office, on or before the 26th day of February, 1910.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

Notice for Publication.

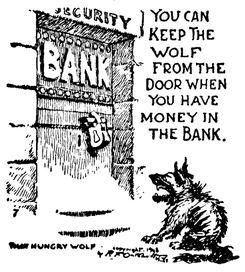
Department of the Interior, Land Office at Seattle, Wash., Dec. 27, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Allen L Isom, of Forks, Wash., who, on November 14, 1904, made homestead app., No. 18986, Serial No. 01129, for Lot 9, SE¼ SW¼, and SW¼ SE¼, Sec. 35, Twp. 28 North, Range 13 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before K. O. Erickson, U. S. Commissioner, at Mora, Wash., on the 19th day of February, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Mitchell Thompson, C. D. Sult, Oscar Peterson and Ora Anderson, all of Forks, Wash.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.



YOU CAN KEEP THE WOLF FROM THE DOOR WHEN YOU HAVE MONEY IN THE BANK.

The commercial wolf is the hungriest wolf to keep from your door. Our large capital our heavy deposits, and, best of all, the confidence of the people of this community have in us, enable us to offer you the use of a sound institution in which to do your banking businsss.

Make OUR bank
YOUR bank

Bank of Clallam County

Port Angeles, Washington
Established April, 1895.

LODGE NOTICES

B.P.O.E.—Navy Lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks Hall, opposite Office Hotel. Visitors cordially invited.

J. B. Gallagher, Exalted Ruler.
E. D. ELLIOTT, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall.

E. R. Wait, N. G.
M. B. Wait, V. G.; Frank Wait, R. S.; H. R. Pardo, F.S.; J. J. MacKechnie, Treasurer.

Modern Woodmen — Port Angeles Camp No. 6043 meets second and Fourth Friday nights in I. O. O. F. hall. Visiting neighbors always welcome.

J. B. Weiss, Consul.
C. E. Shields, Clerk.

W. O. W.—Port Angeles Camp, No. 697, meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in I.O.O.F. Hall.

J. D. McRoberts, Consul Com.
R. A. Martin, Clerk.

City Warrant Call

The City Treasurer of the city of Port Angeles, Clallam county, Wash., will pay on presentation at his office the following warrants and coupons and all of prior issue:

Current Expense Fund warrant to 4266 inclusive.

Lighting Fund warrants to 846 inclusive.

Indebtedness Fund warrants to BI 251.

Mun. Bond Int. coupons, No. 35 on bonds to No. 50 inclusive.

Elect. Light Int. coupons No. 31 on bonds to No. 36 inclusive.

No interest will be allowed on above warrants after Jan. 21, 1910.

C. E. NAILOR,
City Treasurer.

Seattle List No. 01854.

Notice for Publication.

United States District Land Office, Seattle, Washington, Jan. 8, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that William F. Baker by Albert L. Warner, his attorney in fact, whose post office address is Seattle, King County, Washington, has the 7th day of January, 1910, filed in this office his application to select under the provisions of the act of June 4, 1897, (30 Stat., 36),

E½ Sec. 29, Tp. 31 N., R. 15 W., W. M (surveyed).

Any and all persons claiming adversely the lands described or desiring to object because of the mineral character of the land, or for any other reason, to the disposal by the applicant, should file their affidavits of protest in this office, on or before the 26th day of February, 1910.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

Seattle List No. 01855.

Notice for Publication.

United States District Land Office, Seattle, Washington, Jan. 8, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Santa Fe Pacific Railroad Company, by its attorney in fact, Albert L. Warner, whose post office address is Seattle, King County, Washington, has this 7th day of January, 1910, filed in this office his application to select under the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 4, 1897, and June 6, 1900,

N½ SW¼ Sec. 21, Tp. 30 N., R. 14 W., W. M. (surveyed).

Any and all persons claiming adversely the lands described, or desiring to object because of the mineral character of the land, or for any other reason, to the disposal to the applicant, should file their affidavits of protest in this office, on or before the 26th day of February, 1910.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

Notice for Publication.

U. S. Land Office at Seattle, Wash., January 10, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Robert S. Vandecar of Sequim, Wash, who, on January 28, 1905, made Homestead Entry No. 19,027, Serial 01135, for West ½ SE¼, Section 2, Township 29 N., Range 4 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before James Stewart, U. S. Commissioner, at Port Angeles, Washington, on the 26th day of February, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses: Marcella R. Cummins, John Busch, Chapen Mullen and George W. Lawrence, all of Sequim, Wash.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

P. J. WILLIAMS
The Old Reliable
JEWELER
WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALT

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.
Rooms 10 & 10a Aldwell Blk.

See him for

Real Estate
Surety Bonds
Fire Insurance
Time Investments
All Information
Cheerfully Given

Special care given property of non-residents

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.

Summons for Publication in Foreclosure of Tax Lien.

No.

In the Superior court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

Oro D. Hickok, plaintiff,
vs
James Kerr and Jane Doe Kerr, his wife and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming to have an interest in and to the real property hereinafter described, defendants.

State of Washington to James Kerr and Jane Doe Kerr, his wife, and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming to have an interes in and to the real property hereinafter described:

You and each of you are hereby notified that

Oro D. Hickok

is the holder of certificate of delinquency numbered 2949, issued on the 2nd day of June, 1909, by the county of Clallam, state of Washington, for the amount of Seventeen and 18-100 ($17.18) Dollars, the same being the amount then due and delinquent for taxes for the years 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, and 1907 together with penalty, interest and costs thereon, upon real property assessed to you and of which you are the owners or reputed owners, situated in said county, and particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot seven (7) in section seven (7) township twenty-eight (28) north, range thirteen (13) west of Willamette meridian, and upon which she has paid taxes assessed against said property as follows:

Year's Tax	Date Paid	Receipt No.	Amt.
1908	June 2, 1909	3801	$5.20

Total amount of taxes paid since date of certificate of delinquency, $3.20.

all of said amounts bearing interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum; and you are further notified that she will apply to the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for said county, for a judgment foreclosing her lien against the property hereinbefore mentioned, and you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the the date of the first publication of this summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication, and defend this action or pay the amount due, together with costs; and in case of your failure to do so, judgment will be rendered foreclosing the lien for said certificate of delinquency, taxes, penalty, interest and costs, against the land and premises hereinbefore mentioned. Date of first publication December 31, 1909.

Any pleading or process may be served upon the undersigned at the address hereafter mentioned.

ORO D. HICKOK,
Trumbull & Trumbull.
Plaintiff's attorney.
P. O. Address, Port Angeles, County of Clallam, State of Washington

Notice to Creditors

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

In the matter of the Estate of John P. Hawkes, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned J. E. Beam, administrator of the estate of John P. Hawkes deceased, to the creditors of said John P. Hawkes, deceased, and to all persons having claims against the said estate, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within twelve months after the first publication of this notice, to-wit: within twelve months after the 17th day of December, 1909, to said administrator at his office at The Filion Mill and Lumber Company, Port Angeles, Washington, or at the office of J. E. Cochran, attorney, rooms 18, 19 and 20, Aldwell Building, Port Angeles, Washington, the same being the places of the transaction of the business of said estate in the County of Clallam, State of Washington.

Dated this the 14th day of December, 1909.

J. E. BEAM,
Administrator.

JAMES STEWART
Attorney at Law
Office on Front Street
Port Angeles, Wash

DRUGS

Your Prescriptions

Cold Medicines
Cough Medicines
Catarrh Medicines

And all Drugs bought here conform strictly to the Pure Food and Drug Acts.

Mathewson's Drug Store

'Nothing Just as Good'

This is the Slogan for the

"AMOCAT BRAND"

As the proof of the pudding is in the eating'' just so has

Amocat Canned Fruits & Vegetables

won their way to the hearts of lovers of

GOOD THINGS TO EAT

Amocat Canned Goods

Fruits	Vegetables
Lemon Cling Peaches	Asparagus Tips
Yellow free Peaches	Tomatoes
Preserved Blackberries	Golden Pumpkin
Peeled Apricots	String Beans
Bartlett Pears	Cream Corn
Egg Plums	Sifted Peas
Pine Apple	Succotash

Quality Right, Prices Right

You can get these at

THE GATE CITY GROCERY
PHONE 243

Chas. P. Donnell
CIVIL ENGINEER
Sequim, Wash.
Both Phones

Automobile & Electrical
-: SUPPLIES :-
Gas Engine Parts
SATISFACTION -:- GUARANTEED
R. M. TOLER

Our Special Line

Societe Chocolates

HOT DRINKS

Hot Chocolate	Vigoral
Tomato Bouillon	Beef Tea

PALACE OF SWEETS

CITY NEWS

See Baker for sewing machines.

General stove repairing on all kinds of stoves; grates and backs at Bakers'.

For perfect vision get the Crystal Lense. Turkington, optician, 313 Front St.

Imported Fish Balls, 20c per can, at Fish Market.

Sauerkraut 5c the pound. Port Angeles Grocery.

Genuine Iceland Herring, large and fat, 3 for 25c, at Fish Market.

F. E. Warner, the eyesight specialist will be in Clallam Feb. 18 & 19th.

H. Gutenberg returned, Saturday, from a Seattle business visit.

F. E. Warner, Optician, at Merchants Hotel parlors Feb. 20,21,22, 23,24,25,26th.

The ladies five hundred club of Sunrise Hill met with Mrs. A. A. Smith yesterday.

Joe Brinkley is building a fine picket fence around his home on the reserve, corner Laurel and Second streets.

For Sale—Thoroughbred Cocker Spaniel pups. 3rd and Vine Sts.
J. B. Dodson.

Ben Smith is having cut 200 ricks of second growth wood on the A. G. Frye acreage just south of town.

Complete line of wall paper samples. All grades. All prices. Latest eastern designs. Ray Wolverton, Hotel Angeles.

Mrs. Luppen accompanied Rev. and Mrs. Rogers as far as Seattle, on their way to their new home at Imperial, Calif.

Mr. Dermul is in receipt of a highly prized and beautiful award ribbon, bearing the official seal of the A.-Y.-P. E., which he will attach to his diploma awarded him for best celery and cauliflower.

M. J. Kerkes, the popular landlord of Hotel Angeles, ever mindful for the convenience of his patrons, has put on the streets a fine carriage to convey his guests to and from the hotel and steamer landing.

Every elector in Angeles should make a special effort, if that be required, to register. Let us have as large registration as possible this year in anticipation of the approaching census enumeration.

There is scattered about town a twelve page folder gotten out by the Pacific Land & Excursion Co., with headquarters at Butte, Mont., for the purpose of interesting the people there and elsewhere in Port Angeles. The folder contains a descriptive review of the advantages and future possibilities of our city.

Mr. and Mrs D. B. Merrill departed Tuesday for their old home at Ellsworth Falls, Maine, expecting to be absent four to six months. Mrs. Merrill has been in quite poor health for some time and her friends trust that the rest from household duties and the invigorating climate of the Pine Tree State may prove beneficial.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will meet Friday the 11th inst., at 2:30 o'clock in the building next door to Mrs, Jamison's millinery store—which will be known hereafter as W.C.T.U. headquarters. Everybody welcome. We give all visitors something to take home with them to read that will do them good.

Help the young ladies of St. Margaret's Guild by attending their entertainment Saturday evening at the Parish Hall. Admission ten cents.

When in want of anything in the fresh or salt meat line, just drop into James Fitzgerald's shop, the Bell building, on Front street. Our motto is, the best of meats and courteous attention to the wants of our customers.

Two box couches and a good range for sale. Apply to M. J. Kerkes, Hotel Angeles.

Every Move a Picture

STAR THEATRE

TWICE NIGHTLY

7:30 8:30

A Place to Go

Norwegian Sardines, 10c, at Fish Market.

F. E. Warner, the Eye Specialist, at Hotel St. Clair, Sequim Feb. 27-28.

Try our Iceland Herring, 3 for 25c City Fish Market.

Henry Gutenberg was here from Seattle the early week.

N. M. Hawkins returned from an upsound trip, on Thursday.

Wew will buy your Chickens.
City Fish Market.

Special Sunday Chicken Dinner 35c at Hotel Angeles.

Miss Bess Lotzgesell returned Sunday from Dungeness.

T. S. Gorman was a passenger to Seattle Wednesday.

Will Race of Mt. Pleasant was a Seattle visitor this week.

Sheriff Cosser was a business visitor to Sequim Saturday.

Wm. Dick of the Rena district is spending the week in the city.

Special Sunday Chicken Dinner 35c at Hotel Angeles.

G. M. Lauridsen was a passenger to Seattle Wednesday morning.

Ned. Pilcher of Sequim is spending the week in the city on business.

Hugh Phelps returned to Seattle Monday, accompanied by Mrs. Phelps.

Alonzo Hunt, one of Angeles' former citizens, is here from Tacoma for a few days.

Constable Iver Iverson and brother of Forks spent the early week in the city on business.

A first class vaudeville will be a special feature of Saturday night's Tour of the World.

Ross Kirkpatrick came up from Chehalis the first of the week on a visit with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Alwdell and Mr. and Mrs. Geo Lotzgesell were returning passengers Tuesday.

Herman Johnson spent the week taking in the sights at Irondale, Seattle, and other upsound points.

Saturday, February 12th, is a legal holiday, Lincoln's Birthday, and the banks will be closed on that day.

Organizer R. P. Shores of the Woodmen of the World has been here this week, working in the interest of the local camp.

Wm. Ritchie, jr., and Wesley Kidd left Saturday for their new home at Beaver Prairie, taking with them a couple of milch cows.

Henry Marshall, supervisor, and Jim Smith, foreman, of the road crew of District 4, spent the early week in the city on business.

The new owners of the Big 4 mill at Eden Valley arrived Tuesday with their mill crew and drove out to the mill at once to begin operations.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert House and family of Harrison county, Iowa, arrived yesterday for a visit with Lee Boyd and other relatives here.

Donald McInnes returned to the city Monday after a tour of California; he reports a great country, but Clallam is still in the front rank in his opinion.

C. R. Jones is spending the week in the city in the interest of his company, the Empire Lite. He is a guest at the home of his wife's mother, Mrs. Fowler.

The Rebekahs will give a dance at Parish Hall, Saturday 12th. Good music, good time. Come everybody; ladies free, gents 50c. Dance begins at 8 sharp.

Among the passengers upsound on the Whatcom Tuesday were Mr. and Mrs. Willis Chambers, R. H. Kidd, A. H. Thompson, Donald McInnes, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Raber, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hickok, Miss Schier, John McMichael.

E. E. Day returned Wednesday from Seattle; Mrs. Day, who was very low for several days following an operation, is now thought to be out of danger, welcome news to her many friends who have been greatly concerned about her.

R. A. Muskett is now at home in his new store building just west of the Globe Hotel, where he has one of the finest store rooms in the city, with a splendid light. Call and see how nicely he is situated and take advantage of the exceptional bargains he is offering.

The boys' club known as the Parish Hall Club entertained their girl friends with a delightful masquerade party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bonnett, Saturday evening. There were thirteen boys and as many girls and after some time spent in guessing "who was who", games, music and refreshments supplied the rest of the entertainment. The girls voted the boys jolly entertainers and all felt grateful to Mr. and Mrs. Bonnet for so kindly throwing open their home and giving the young folks such a very pleasant evening.

FOR SALE.
New modern residence with concrete basement, also furniture and mill holdings, going cast, terms.
W. C. Geist, 8th and Cedar.

...THE...
PORT ANGELES GROCERY CO.

ALFALFA MEAL

For Dairy Cows it costs 15 per cent less and produces 25 per cent more than other feed. Fattens hogs in half the time at less cost than corn Keeps horses fat, glossy and in fine condition the year round.

Relative Feeding Value of Alfalfa Meal

When Fresh Alfalfa Hay is worth $7 a ton for feed

Alfalfa Meal is worth $27	Clover Hay is worth $14
Alfalfa Hay is worth $20	Timothy hay is worth $10
Cow Pea hay worth $20	Wheat Bran is worth $23

Shelled Corn is worth $20 a ton

Alfalfa Meal is the best feed in the market. **80c** a sack or less according to quantity, at the

F. A. STILES, Proprietor.

A TOUR OF THE WORLD

The young ladies of St. Margaret's Guild have been requested to repeat their "Tour of the World" on next Saturday evening at the Parish Hall, as Monday night was so stormy many were unable to come. A vaudeville and musical program will be special features of Saturday night's entertainment and there will be amusement for young and old.

Parish Hall never presented so bright and attractive an appearance The booths representing the different nations are most artistically gotten up, and each is presided over by a young lady in native costume, who for a small sum serves you with refreshments peculiar to her country. In sunny Italy, grape juice and wafers are most refreshing, while in Japan there is nothing to equal the fragrant cup of tea. The Spanish maiden delights to serve you with chili con carne, and there will be other refreshments to please the most fastidious. The Goddess of Liberty presides over the American booth and is glad to supply you with the choicest of home made candies. An Egyptian fortune teller is another attractive feature. She is an expert in all matters pertaining to the heart and you will do well to take this opportunity of consulting her for the insignificant sum of five cents.

Don't forget the date. Saturday evening, February 5th, at the Parish Hall. Admission ten cents.

According to a report, just made public, by Cruiser McCool of the State Capitol Commission, state lands in this county for state buildings at Olympia aggregate some 27,305 acres, and contain timber as follows: Fir 168 million feet, cedar 60 million, spruce 149 million, hemlock 487 million, white pine 250,000, larch 59 million; piles 86,160, poles 8,790, fence posts 7,378, railroad ties 179,446, the total aggregating 950,218,000 feet board measure, or an average of over 5,600,000 feet to the quarter section, and this is not by a great deal the best of Clallam's timber.

A conservative is one good at hanging onto things. He would be a better citizen if the merit of the thing hung to cut a little more ice with him.

LEWIS LEVY

Real Estate Broker

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Timber Lands
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We are now Located in

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We are still selling all our goods at the reduced prices. Come in and see

Our New Quarters

and look the goods over. You have more and better light and see more goods and know better the quality of goods you buy

Times Clothing Mart
R. A. MUSKETT

CITY CLERK FIELDS SHORT SIX THOUSAND

Has Kept Graft Concealed from Finance Committee of Council for Three Years.

But little business was done by the city council Tuesday night, things not working quite so smoothly as they did in former years when that body was controlled by one man and his lieutenants.

The principal matter before the council was the consideration of the proposed ordinance providing for appointive offices, which, after considerable wrangling was laid over for another week. Trouble was started when Councilman Grubb began sparring for a secret session of the committee of the whole by suggesting that secret sessions had been customary heretofore. Councilman Elliott protested that the city's business was public and not private business and the people were entitled to know what was being done, and the committee actually held an open session. Councilman Stakemiller did not like the idea of increasing the expenses by employment of an auditor and moved that the office be stricken from the proposed ordinance. Councilman Rouse, evidently being of the opinion that the office was being created in order that the clerk might draw more salary, protested against striking out the auditor because he believed the clerk was entitled to more salary. Councilman Myers wanted to know if one man could hold two city offices. City Attorney Smith believed it would be legal because he himself held a city office, a county office (notary public), and was court commissioner besides.

Councilman Stakemiller moved that the city clerk present a bill to the council for his month's salary, which was carried. The City Attorney wanted to know why the favoritism was being shown to the clerk; the other officers needed their salaries also, particularly the city marshal who has a large family. The legality of paying salaries in that manner was not considered; neither was any action taken on the proposed expunging of Councilman Stakemiller's illegal salary ordinance.

The light committee recommended that the city electrician be required to furnish bond of $500 for the faithful performance of his duties, which were to be: 1st, to correctly read the meters; 2nd, to make just and correct collections of all money due for light and turn same over to treasurer according to law; 3rd, to furnish a monthly statement of all collections and amounts uncollected. Councilman Rouse believed electrician should turn in collections each day and that no bond was necessary. Councilman Myers said Mr. Toler was perfectly willing to give a bond, and it was so ordered.

Ordered that wires be extended so that residents on Pine Hill may have lights; also that Messrs. Payne and Schwitzer be furnished with lights.

Ordered that the hydrant at 2nd and Valley be moved to Oak bet. 2nd and 3rd, and hydrant cor. Front and Lincoln be moved to 6th and Peabody.

Ordered, on application of Councilman Grubb, that city attorney draw up necessary papers for creation of an assessment district to raise Front street four feet.

City Clerk Shields reported a difference of some six thousand dollars in the electric light warrant account between the amount of warrants actually outstanding and amount reported by Ex-clerk Fields, and wanted to know how he was to start his accounts. Shields' report is given below. It was ordered that clerk correspond with state inspectors and get them here as soon as possible. City Attorney Smith directed attention to the absurdity of such action, saying it was doubtful if state officers would inspect city books, and, anyway, the board had about five years' county work ahead of it, which it would have to do first.

The error which Mr. Shields had found was due to the carrying forward of a total instead of a balance, thus jumping up the amount of warrants outstanding. Had such an error, or any error, occurred in the accounts of the current expense fund, the electric light fund, or any other fund, which must balance on the books, it would have been discovered at once for the books wouldn't balance unless correct. But the warrant accounts are mere memorandums, as compared with the real accounts of the city.

The clerk's quarterly reports are referred to the finance committee, which is supposed to check them over; this the committee has not done in recent years, not even when the former clerks have demanded their accounts be checked. Instead, Mr. T. T. Aldwell was employed to check over Ex-clerk Smith's books, and Mr. Ridenour to check up Ex-clerk Fields' work, both accountants finding a few minor errors such as any bookkeeper would make. There appears to be no intention, on the part of the finance committee, to check over the last statement, tho it would mean the saving of a considerable expense to the taxpayers of the city.

Concerning the errors recently made by Mr. Fields, there is no excuse offered, nor could any be accepted. Likewise, there is no excuse available for the members of the finance committee and the council. Fields was going through troubles in his family of such a character as to make it surprising if he could even concentrate his mind sufficiently to add a column of figures. And the electric light plant had been adding to its indebtedness of $574 at the beginning of 1907 at such a rate that it was not surprising the members of the council should not notice a jump of several thousand dollars over night.

January 31st, 1910.

Gentlemen: I beg leave to call your attention to the annual statement of the retiring clerk and on checking up the various accounts I cannot make them agree with his at all. I find on the City Accounts footings made in pencil and balances brought forward the same, also errors in addition of from $1 to a couple of thousand on the same amount of warrants issued. These are purely clerical errors but it leaves me in as bad a position as I now find the books at the end of the first quarter and we will not have the correct amount of warrants outstanding. What am I to do?

The following will probably enlighten your honorable body so you can see the difficulty I am working under. Report of clerk as I find same and his figures are taken all through.

LIGHTING FUND.

Warrants outstanding January 1st, 1907	$ 574 82
Warrants issued year 1907	4,082 67
Warrants issued year 1908	7,399 17
Warrants issued year 1909	6,631 66
A total of	$18,688 32
Warrants paid year 1907	$ 4,670 55
Warrants paid year 1908	5,229 19
Warrants paid year 1909	4,822 99
A total of	$14,722 73
Leaving a total of warrants outstanding January 1st, 1910, lighting fund of	$ 3,965 59
Clerk's annual report for 1909 shows:	
Warrants outstanding January 1st, 1910	$10.225 91
Warrants outstanding January 1st, 1910	3,965 59
Making a difference of	$ 6,260 32
As per figures given me by the City Treasurer:	
Warrants outstanding January 1st, 1910	$ 4,192 80
As per Clerk's books	3,965 59
Making a difference between the Clerk's and Treasurer's books of	$ 227 21

CEMETERY FUND.

Clerk's Annual statement shows no warrants outstanding against said fund. I find that there is outstanding according to his books and the treasurer's books the sum of $335.40.

I have been unable at the present time to check over the account expense fund and the indebtedness fund but will do so as soon as possible. I bring these things to your attention so that you can see the position in which I am placed as I have no correct figures in which to start my accounts in the different funds.

DOTY GREETED BY LARGE AUDIENCE

From page 1.

10 of these we have won by substantial and increased majorities. Wenatchee and Puyallup, substantial cities, were among these and the latter within half an hour of the city of Tacoma on an electric line, voted stronger than ever to retain the sanctity of the home and scorned the idea that the saloon was a help to a community even financially.

"Here in your city you have nine saloons, paying $300 each, less ten per cent. payable to the state. They take away from necessary and legitimate business at least $75,000 a year, and yet there are some few business men who profess to believe the saloon a benefit to the town."

The Anti-Saloon League forces of Washington made the fight for a county unit legislature in 1908. After a vigorous fight they succeeded in having passed the county unit law in the house by a vote of 56 to 38. This bill was defeated in the senate by a vote of 22 to 20, by the strength, largely, of the half of the senate elected in 1906. Later the present law was passed as a compromise measure. The results of the city and county elections show that if the county were made the unit including the municipalities with the county instead of being independent of the unincorporated portion of the county, every county that has voted under this law would have made a clean sweep of the saloons. Such a vote would indicate to the county authorities who are charged with the enforcement of all state laws, the wish of the majority of voters of the county. The county is also the natural tax unit and the enlargement from the municipal to the county unit is, therefore, the next logical step in the progress of the local option program for Washington.

The defenders of the saloon in the last legislature repeatedly emphasized the fact that the county unit would mean the elimination of the saloon from nine-tenths of the counties of the state within a year. A study of the votes cast in the various counties shows that the prophecy would have undoubtedly have been fulfilled. A fight to strengthen the law enforcement features of the local option law and the change to the county unit, with such other amendments as the experience of the next few months will indicate as desirable or necessary, would certainly be backed by an overwhelming majority of the voters of the state. We will be fighting for something which the saloons fear would be their death warrant, and it will be placing the power to deal with the saloons in the hands of the voters of the county where it justly belongs. This will be a long step in advance of the present law, and we join in the prophecy of the saloon men that what few remnants are left after a round of elections under the county unit system can easily be taken care of by a subsequent legislature. To some, this policy may seem too conservative. These we refer to other states which by hard and persistent effort were slowly made completely dry. The people are ready for a better and more effective law and the only course left open to the aggressive anti-saloon forces of the state is to organize thoroly and prepare for the greatest conflict that this state has ever seen.

Mr. Doty spoke of the great work the league is doing, and what it has accomplished. The purpose is to have men elected who stand right on this question. "We want a fair vote, and a servant who will do as he agrees to do," he said. "The people should know for whom they are voting and if their officers do not do as they agree they should be removed; but be sure that they agree to certain things before election."

The meeting closed with singing "America."

THAT MORSE WHARF FRANCHISE MATTER

From page 8.

defeating the rights of the city his rights fall with those of the city from which source only he secured possession and been allowed to maintain a wharf for many years, for while the decision of the Supreme Court has suspended the powers of the city, it has declared Mr. Morse a trespasser by ruling that the harbor area in front of streets, which are extended through tide lands, belongs to the State, in which case there is no authority for that space to be occupied by anyone.

The ruling against the city is an empty technicality not previously announced by that court and not made clear by statutory law, the result of a theory, which former decisions had applied only to tide lands, under our law are made real estate and could not readily be seen until by a decision of that court, to apply to water in the harbor area which has been reserved by the constitution, for streets, landings, wharves and other aids to commerce, and were not subject to sale or lease. The theory is that the State owns it where the city has not extended its street across the harbor area, which the city has the power to do and the law expressly declares that when the streets are extended across the harbor area they then become subject to the control of the city.

It is now evident that some authority must be called into service. If Mr. Morse can keep possession of the harbor area which he secured through the city upon a promise which he repudiated, others can take possession of all of our other streets by any other unholy methods and use such space as their own self-interest might dictate, for other purposes than wharves, and there could be no municipal administration of their use and control; otherwise they could not at present be used except as open waterways, which may yet turn out to be their legal status.

It is evident that the present condition is intolerable and it becomes the duty of city officers to ascertain the powers and duties of the city and whatever they be when clearly outlined, to act promptly, for neither Mr. Morse nor anyone else can be allowed to take possession and use without rule or authority such water front of the city. As the city can have its streets extended across the harbor area and thus come into its own by a mere formality, the wisest course for it to pursue must be determined by careful consideration with all the lights it can secure in the matter.

It might have been better for Mr. Morse as well as for the city, for the city to have continued its provisional control without injury to anyone, until the ruling in this case might have been discovered by other litigation or otherwise and after such discovery by mutual arrangement between Mr. Morse and the city the necessary formalities, by which the city could clothe its authority by extending its streets, could have smoothed over all technical informalities.

Mr. Morse's contention, resulting in the decision of the Supreme Court, has forced a responsibility upon the city council, the scope of which involves the municipal control of the water front at the terminus of all the streets which have been extended through the tide lands, which include all streets running into the bay and therefore the Morse-Wharf proposition becomes small by comparison to the question involving the whole water front.

Whatever action or advice shall be required of the city attorney shall be given with the single purpose of serving the public interest.

Mr. Morse claims much sympathy upon his charges of partiality to other wharf owners in fixing their rental so much lower than his. If the Morse wharf had been extended to a capacity sufficient to keep up with the growing needs of freight shipments, it would not have been necessary for the council to encourage the building of another dock which was greatly needed to accommodate the increased and increasing shipments of freight. It is no injustice to enterprises already established if by such encouragements others are secured. Cities and individuals often give bonuses and other advantages to encourage their introduction. After the City Dock was built at a heavy outlay by our citizens, which was a great risk, it was mostly swept away at a heavy loss and the needs of additional dock accommodations, which might have been afforded at the Morse Dock, called for all the encouragement that the city could give, it would have been unfortunate if the city council could have induced the rebuilding by greatly reducing its rental. That was a small offer.

Respectfully submitted,
Geo. Venable Smith.

ANOTHER OF "THE BUNCH" BECOMES INTERESTED

Since Cindy has seen fit to enlighten the people or rather burden them with a series of lies in regard to the burning of the hall, I feel it my duty to give them a few facts.

First, in regard to the location of the hall, the majority ruled, it was placed on the line between the two school districts, the most central location, although some of the gang purchased one and a half acres by the school house hoping to force us to put the hall there, but their scheme failed.

Second, in regard to the laying of the floor, this trouble was caused by three of the gang ignoring the foreman who had been elected to oversee the construction of the hall, and taking things into their own hands. The foreman had been instructed to lay a circular floor and had notified the men to come on a certain day at noon. On arriving at the hall, he found three of the gang already at work laying a different kind of floor and when told of their mistake grew sulky and refused to do another tap. After a great deal of labor by the bunch and backbiting by the gang the hall was completed.

The hall was satisfactorily managed, both socially and financially, during the first year. Last fall one of the trustees died. This was a great loss to our community and out of respect to the family no dances were held for several months.

The remaining trustees had decided to give a dance on 'Xmas night, and had hired their music and made all necessary arrangements. This could not have suited the gang as they persuaded the president to call a meeting previous to the dance, supposedly for the purpose of electing one new trustee. The secretary and trustees were not notified of this meeting until after those who were notified had gathered; only about one-third of the stock-holders were notified.

The gang at this meeting were very much in evidence and proceeded to do business in an illegal manner. Some of the bunch who were there called the president's attention to the fact that all of the stock-holders had not been notified and they could not legally transact business in this way. One of the gang jumped up and said, "Now or never is the time to do business." And they proceeded to elect all new officers, the officers taking control the instant they were elected, ignoring the arrangements already made in regard to the 'Xmas festivities. This placed the old management in a rather embarrassing position, and after consulting a majority of the stock-holders, they were advised to go ahead with heir dance, but to change the date to 'Xmas eve, which they did. As to leaving their women at home Saturday night and having a disgraceful fight, this lie, Cindy, must have originated from your own gang as none of the bunch had ever said such a thing or even heard of it until it came from your writing. You also stretched the truth in saying the new management represented the majority of the stock-holders, for it did not. Now, Cindy, you know that the water was put on the floor and you also know who did it, so no "if" is necessary.

All of your explanations in regard to the pitch and coal oil does not prove that the hall caught from either stove. If the entire hall had been saturated with coal oil it could not have caught from stoves that contained no fire.

If there was five gallons of whisky there, nobody at the dance knew it, and if you know so much about it, it must have been brought and used to keep warm those who were turning horses loose and waiting around for the dancers to leave the hall so they could set it on fire. The last dancers left the hall at about 3:30 and if anyone claims to have left at 4:00 and that there was a good fire when they left, they are the ones we want brought before the public. The bunch, or any one of them, are able to buy their whiskey if they want any and do not have to beg or coax others to furnish it for them.

The usual precautions of some of the neighborhood were to bring as little as they could, eat as much as they could and when the time came for breaking up, they took their wraps and hiked and let the bunch do the dishes and put out the fires.

There are enough straight honorable men in the neighborhood to establish a fact in the mind of any fair-minded man or body of men, but they will not swear that the hall was a public nuisance or a menace to the morals of the community as it was used not only for dances, but also for church and school entertainments, and we do believe it was maliciously burned.

Any one who would excuse or screen such conduct, is as bad as the ones who did the dirty work.

ONE OF THE BUNCH.

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CAIN'S SUBDIVISION of Suburban Lots Nos. 17, 18 and 21 E. C. Baker's Subdivision Lot 19 and Part of Doyle's Subdivision of Lot 20.

All situated between Second and Fourth Sts., and Eunice and Ennis Streets.

Also part of Williams & Cramer's, Hart & Cooke's, D. W. Morse's and P. S. C. Co.'s Subdivision of the Government Townsite of Port Angeles.

The Hotel Angeles is situated on Corner Block 3, Cain's Subdivision of 21; the Chicago Block will be built on the corner of Block 2.

400 CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS

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280 Choice Lots in Illinois Investment Co.'s Subdivision, situated within one mile.

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LADY ATTENDANTS

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE

To W. R. Parker.
To M. J. Campbell.
To V. A. Julien,

You and each of you are hereby notified that the undersigned co-owners with you of that certain placer mining claims and known as the Sunset Placer Mining Association, also two water rights on Cedar and Sunset creeks, all of which is located in Section No. 18, Township No. 29, North Range 15, West Willamette Meridian all in the Clallam County Mining District, State of Washington, has expended the sum of $300.00 in labor and improvements thereon during the year ending December 31st, 1909, as required by section 2324 of the Revised Statutes of the United States to hold same, and if within 90 days from the date of the service of this publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure to me or to my agent Frank Kelley, your interest in said claims and water rights will become the property of the subscribing co-owners under the said section of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

Dated Port Angeles, Washington, January 28, 1910. J. M. STARBUCK.
Co-owner of the aforesaid property.
First publication Jan. 28; last publication March 25, 1910.

C. H. GEORGE

Superintendent of Construction

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Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Seattle, Wash., Jan. 3, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Mitchell Thomsen, of Forks, Wash., who, on July 15, 1903, made Homestead entry No. 18717, Serial No. 01094, for the W½ of the NE¼ of Section 35, Township 28 N., Range 13 West, and on July 27, 1904, made additional homestead entry No. 18937, Serial 01120, for lots 5 and 6, sec. 35, Twp. 28 N., R. 13 West, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before K. O. Erickson, U.S. Commissioner, at his office in Moro, Wash., on the 19th day of February, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Allen L. Isom, Earl Wilson, J. S. Anderson and Ora Anderson, all of Forks, Wash.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

Seattle List No 01856.

Notice for Publication.

United States District Land Office, Seattle, Washington, Jan. 8, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Santa Fe Pacific Railroad Company, by its attorney in fact, Albert L. Warner, whose post office address is Seattle, King County, Washington, has the 7th day of January, 1910, filed in this office its application to select under the provisions of the act of June 4, 1897, and June 6, 1900,

S½ SE¼ Sec. 22; NW¼ NE¼; NE¼ NW¼ Sec. 27, Tp. 30 N., R. 14 W., W. M., (surveyed).

Any and all persons claiming adversely the lands described, or desiring to object because of the mineral character of the land, or for any other reason, to the disposal to applicant, should file their affidavits of protest in this office on or before the 26th day of February, 1910.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

A. D. Willson. C. E. Fulmer

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Eczema All Over Baby's Body

"When my baby was four months old his face was broken out with eczema, and at sixteen months of age, his face, hands and arms were in a dreadful state. The eczema spread all over his body. We had to put a mask or cloth over his face and tie up his hands and arms. Finally we gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a few months he was entirely cured, and today he is a fine healthy boy.

MRS. INEZ LEWIS, Baring, Maine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all blood diseases. Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs. 100 Doses $1.

Only $1.00

Fancy gable sash cut up in wood in artistic design, only $1.00. In our mill we have the largest department in the Northwest for designing and making fancy sash at such a small cost that it will pay you to buy a few of these sash from us when you build, as the effect is very charming. Send for our catalogue. Everything marked in plain figures. No discounts. We sell to anyone. We ship anywhere.

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These offices are conducted on the co-operative plan which insures a uniformly better class of work, because every department is in the hands of men who have an interest in the firm—hiring no help to do the work for patrons.

Under our co-operative system, with reduced operating expenses, we are enabled to do the highest-grade work at one-half the prices charged by any other dentists in the city.

We are not cheap advertisers, putting out price lists that are doubled when you get your work done, but we have established one price to all.

We are especially prepared to accommodate out-of-town people immediately when they call and to finish their work in the shortest possible time.

Until further notice, a 20% discount upon amounts of $5.00 and upwards will be given to cover traveling fares and encourage the growth of this branch of our business.

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How much the annual increase of national wealth is due to saving and how much to other causes it is impossible to calculate. Equally uncertain is the evidence of the amounts expended in new houses in and about cities and towns, new buildings for business purposes, new mills and factories and the construction of railroads and other works of one kind or another. The statistics of these expenditures are very imperfect, and such as we have are largely estimates.

Here Is Relief for Women.

If you have pains in the back, Urinary, Bladder or Kidney trouble, and want a certain, pleasant herb cure for woman's ills, try Mother Gray's AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is a safe and never-failing regulator. At Druggists' or by mail 50 cts. Sample package FREE. Address, the Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Scotch Scones.

Sift together two cups of flour, two teaspoons baking powder and half teaspoon of salt; next chop in one tablespoon of butter; lastly, add one beaten egg and three-fourths cupful of milk. Have dough stiff enough to roll about half an inch thick. Cut with a large-sized cooky cutter and bake on a gridiron twenty minutes. Split in halves and serve well buttered.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia never could get along with Hamlins Wizard Oil. Wizard Oil always drives them away from the premises in short order.

Chinese Naturalization Law.

By China's law on nationality any person who has lived in China over ten years and is above 21 years of age, of good moral standing, being helpful to China, may be allowed to assume Chinese nationality, if asked for.

Any man who goes quail hunting on a rainy or sleety day, is looking for pot shots. We are mean, and we know meanness when we see it.

If the present rush for benefiting people by legislation keeps up, we look for a law prohibiting the planting of potatoes in the dark of the moon.

Quick as Wink.

If your eyes ache with a smarting, burning sensation and dizziness, use PETTIT'S EYE SALVE. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

King Edward has knighted Lieut. Shackelton for getting farthest south—without a controversy, we presume.

DR. MARTEL'S FEMALE PILLS.

Seventeen Years the Standard.

Prescribed and recommended for women's ailments—a scientifically prepared remedy of proven worth. The result from their use is quick and permanent. For sale at all drug stores.

Speaker Cannon doesn't know of any law in this country against snoring. Even the Oklahoma constitution inadvertently neglected to give the matter any attention.

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That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. Grove. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Beef Broth with Barley.

This soup may be recommended where soup is intended as the principal course and may be rendered very nourishing and satisfying when small cubes of beef, carrots, turnips, leeks, celery and barley are added and cooked in the beef broth until tender. The round, slim pieces are the best to use for a rich beef broth.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Buns.

Break one egg into a cup and fill with sweet milk; mix with it half cup yeast, half cup butter or lard, one cup sugar, enough flour to make a soft dough; flavor with nutmeg. Let it rise till very light, then mold into small biscuits with a few currants. Let rise second time until double the bulk, then bake, and when nearly done glaze with a little molasses and milk. Better than doughnuts.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

A St. Louis woman is very angry because by mistake she married a cook instead of a count. Some women never know when they are in luck.

DYSPEPSIA

"Having taken your wonderful 'Cascarets' for three months and being entirely cured of stomach catarrh and dyspepsia, I think a word of praise is due to 'Cascarets' for their wonderful composition. I have taken numerous other so-called remedies but without avail, and I find that Cascarets relieve more in a day than all the others I have taken would in a year." James McGune, 108 Mercer St., Jersey City, N. J.

CUT THIS OUT, mail it with your address to the Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Ill., and receive a handsome gold Bon Bon FREE.

Builders Bargain House

You can make your new home attractive at small cost by buying direct.

These 5-cross high grade Panel Doors

$1.35

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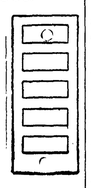

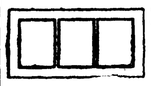

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You save a dollar, I make a dollar, and the Dental Combine will lose two dollars when I do your Dental work. I am not competing with cheap Dentists, but with the State Dental Combine; and while this Dental war lasts, all Dental work will be done at my office for just half the combine prices. The Brown Dental Offices have been established at 713 First Ave., Seattle, for seventeen years, and now has nine associate assistant specialists. You can always save your expenses to Seattle by having your Dental work done by

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THE ANGELES
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Columbia, Rambler, Crescent and other standard makes at Eastern prices.

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Edison and Victor Phonographs and Records, at Eastern prices. Send for catalogs.

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Cause the Little Ones Much Unnecessary Suffering

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THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Gives instant relief—soothes and heals the little throats and prevents more serious illness. Children like it too—so pleasant to take and does not upset the stomach.

All Druggists, 25 cents.

S. N U No. 6—1910

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

TRUMPET CALLS.

Ram's Horn Sounds a Warning Note to the Unredeemed.

A jack rabbit looks bigger to a little boy than a lion does to his father.

The man who has big trees to cut down will not lose any time by grinding his ax before he begins to make the chips fly.

If we all knew better we would often do better.

Beauty in the heart writes its name on the face.

It may be right to fast, but it is wrong to look as if you did.

The older the Christian the newer he ought to find God's book.

It is doubtful if there is a millionaire in the world to-day whom an angel would call rich.

There is no promise in the Bible for the man who is not willing to trust in the Lord and do right.

The most commonplace things would be as full of interest as fairy tales if we knew enough about them.

It is all right to weep with those who weep, but it is just as important to rejoice with those who rejoice.

REFORM IN ORPHAN ASYLUM.

Social Barrier in Versailles (Ky.) Institute Pulled Down.

From the beginning Mrs. Kate Van Der Veer, head of the Cleveland Orphan asylum at Versailles, Ky., determined there should be no barrier to set her girls apart from the rest of the community as charity children, says Mabel Potter Daggett in the Delineator. So she took off their uniforms and sent them to the public school. Versailles was aghast at first. But she insisted: "Why not? My girls are as nice and sweet as yours!"

This month, she told me with pride, there were fifteen of them on the honor roll that is published in the Versailles newspaper. As they go along to school together you would not know Mrs. Van Der Veer's "daughters" from the others, unless by the fact that their percales are a trifle daintier and their butterfly hair ribbons a trifle fresher. I have seen her as she critically looks them over before starting for school. A loving hand pushes back soft waves of hair and kindly eyes scan scrutinizingly for any small area of demarcation.

"Oh, Marie," she says, "you will have to wash your neck again." "Louise, here's a button coming off. Hurry, dear, and you'll just about have time to sew it on." "Jennie, I believe you'd better get a fresh handkerchief." Meanwhile she is deftly pulling out a little starched skirt here and tilting a hat there at a more becoming angle for the bright face beneath. At last they are all off in order. At the gate they turn with a flutter of waving hands and across the morning a carol of fresh young voices is calling good-by. The lady on the piazza waves back.

Then she stands with her hand shading her eyes, to watch them as far as she can see up the street to the town. "Arn't they just dears?" she asks, turning with a smiling face. "I expect I have to be a little more particular with mine than most mothers are. Every little while I ask them, 'Tell me, dears, are your dresses just as pretty as the other girls?' And when there are new textbooks to be bought I promptly see to it that they have theirs on time. I'm not going to have any one point to them and say, 'Because they are orphans.' I don't even like any one to call them that. We had a preacher in this town who from the pulpit once prayed the Lord to bless 'the orphans.' They never would go inside his church after that, and I was glad they wouldn't."

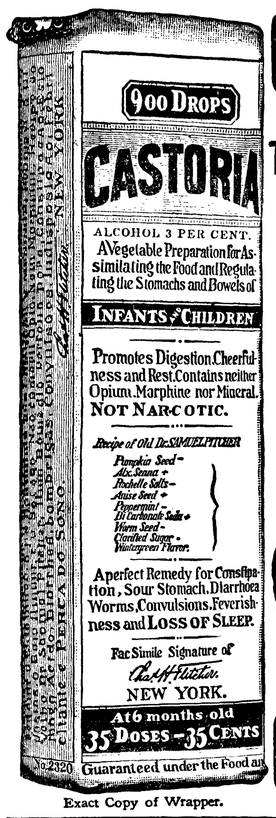
TAX ANOMALY IN MICHIGAN.

Many Acres of Land in Marquette County Have No Owner.

A peculiar situation with respect to delinquent tax lands exists in Marquette County, a Detroit dispatch to the New York Herald says. There are very large tracts which properly belong to the commonwealth, yet no part of them is included in the public domain.

No lands delinquent for taxes in this county have been formally deeded to the State since 1884. In consequence the county treasurer's office is lumbered up wth a large number of delinquent land descriptions, on some of which taxes have not been paid since 1881. All these descriptions are offered for sale each year, but no buyers have been forthcoming, and not infrequently the total taxes now charged against the descriptions run into the thousands of dollars.

There are 1,600 descriptions delinquent for taxes on record in the treasurer's office, of which 665 descriptions became delinquent prior to 1906 and could be deeded to the State. These descriptions will probably average eighty acres each, which means that there are in the neighborhood of 53,000 acres in this county which are properly part of the public domain, but which, as a matter of fact, are not owned by the commonwealth or anybody else. The lands will doubtless be deeded to the State in due time, and will be put on the market, but for the present, with the accumulation of unpaid taxes charged against them, they are unsalable.



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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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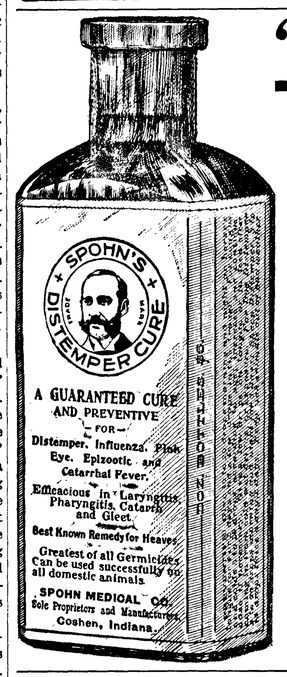

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Record of Annual Sales.

1st Year	1,053	Bottles Sold
2nd Year	4,364	" "
3rd Year	9,256	" "
4th Year	19,150	" "
5th Year	40,284	" "
6th Year	72,380	" "
7th Year	100,532	" "
8th Year	124,500	" "
9th Year	172,485	" "
10th Year	221,760	" "
11th Year	287,620	" "
12th Year	378,962	" "
13th Year	508,720	" "
14th Year	548,260	" "

Send for our Booklet of twelve good recipes for family and stock medicines, FREE.

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Chemists and Bacteriologists,

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KC BAKING POWDER

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The RAYO LAMP is a high grade lamp sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more but there is no better lamp at any price. The Burner, the Wick, the Chimney-Holder—all are vital things in a lamp; these parts of the RAYO LAMP are perfectly constructed and there is nothing known in the art of lamp-making that could add to the value of the RAYO as a light-giving device. Suitable for any room in the house. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest Agency of the

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MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If not send 35c for 2 oz. bottle and recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wn.

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Pay for the best and get it.

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Every Gardener and Planter should test the superior merits of Our Northern Grown Seeds.

SPECIAL OFFER
FOR 10 CENTS
we will send postpaid our
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1 pkg. 60 Day Tomato	20c
1 pkg. Princess Radish	10c
1 pkg. Self-Growing Celery	20c
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1 pkg. Fullerton Market Lettuce	10c
Also 12 Varieties Choice Flower Seeds	25c
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Write today! Send 10 cents to help pay postage and packing and receive the above "Famous Collection," together with our New and Instructive Garden Guide.
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A complete line of

Light and Heavy Harness, Saddles, All the different kinds Collars Harness Repairs and Various Trimmings

Repairing of all kinds neatly done and given Prmpt Attention

Chas. Brandt, Prop.
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Your Valuable Papers are not Safe at Home

We will store hem in our vault free of charge and expect in return that you will do your business with us.

KEEP IN MIND
Citizens National Bank
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Instructions in China Decorations and Water Colors and Oil.

Conventional and Naturalistic work a specialty

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Front St. near Johnson & Bork

THE NEWS FROM THE COUNTY

DUNGENESS

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J.B. Mapes, Tuesday, Jan. 25th, a baby girl.

Mrs. Hayes Evans of Lost Mountain visited her mother, Mrs. T. Evans, last week.

Mr. Baker has bought thirty acres of E. Pettit.

Mr. Bennett is working on the Ward bridge. A temporary bridge will be built to be used while the covered bridge is undergoing repairs.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Libby, from Chico, Wash., formerly of Creco, Iowa, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. H. R. Merrill.

The Ladies Aid Society will have a Valentine social Feb. 14. Everyone is invited.

Young Peoples' meeting will be held each Sunday evening at 7:30. Preaching services at 8.

Rev. and Mrs. James Cullow of Wenatchee will hold a series of special services next month in the church.

Frances Ward is back from Angeles and working in the creamery.

Mrs. Geo. Lotzgesell visited her sister, Mrs. Geo. Davis, this week.

The Improvement club passed a pleasant evening at Mrs. Wilders Tuesday evening.

E. A. Brooks proposes a boycott on meat; he says that Mr. Dennis is getting rich too fast.

Mrs. Henry Cline went to Port Townsend Wednesday, returning same day.

The Hanson Bros. have the contract for hauling poles.

Mrs. J. Pettit is visiting Mrs. Ramalia this week.

Mr. Seal is in Seattle.

Mr. Knight drove to his ranch Tuesday, taking half dozen cattle.

Mr. Baker is building a house on the 30 acre tract he bought of E. Pettit, opposite Thompson's.

SEQUIM

Dr. C.E. McKinnis has rented the office room in the Sequim Trading Co.'s building, and will practice his profession on Sequim and vicinity. Dr. McKinnis is a graduate from the medical department of the Ann Arbor University and has been a surgeon for one of the large copper mining companies in Northern Michigan, and comes here highly recommended.

Mr. and Mrs. Virney Grant have moved to Happy valley. Mr Grant will work for Robert Long in the mill. They have rented their ranch to Eli Cruzen for a year, reserving their home and the large yard around it.

Miss Dorothy Preston came home to see her mother, Mrs. Ida Preston, before leaving for Southern California with the Rev. and Mrs. E.M. Rogers

Stanley Stone and family have moved back to Sequim.

Miss Mabel Delaney, who has been staying with Mrs. H.J. Priest for three weeks, returned to her home in Blyn.

Willis Cook and W.G. Green went to Seattle last Friday on business, returning home on Sunday.

W.B. Ritchie was in Sequim Saturday

Law suits are getting to be quite common in Sequim.

A.H. Anderson was here looking after his large ranch last week. He came down in his magnificent yacht.

Willis Cook has bought 160 acres of Mr. McBride.

Miss Annette Trumbull, our county superintendent, is here this week.

Dave McComb left for Seattle Sunday, bag and baggage.

The Ladies' Sewing Circle will give an oyster supper at the John McDonald Hall; there will also be a ten cent counter. Everybody should turn out and help a good thing along. Tuesday the 11th is the date.

Plowing is the order of these nice spring days. Everybody is beginning to get their gardens and fields ready for spring work.

LeRoy G. Wilber made a business trip to Dungeness Tuesday.

Mrs. David Humes, who has been in Seattle on a visit, is home again.

Dr. Cook and Miss Trumbull visited the schools, and each gave the children a nice little talk. The children enjoyed it.

Pupils neither tardy nor absent for the month ending Jan. 28.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Raymond Jones, Preston Dey, Pearl McDonald, Ingwall Burg, John McDonald, Mary Jones, Ivy Jones, Bert McCombs, George Miller, Harleigh Brown.

A 5th and 6th Grades.

Olive Miller, Philip Waldon, Bert Doran.

3rd, 4th and 5th Grades.

Ruth Cozens, Minnie Berg, Harold Waldon, Ilda Fisher, Marcella Doran, Frank Kase, Beatrice Mathews.

Primary.

Joel Hammil, Walter Case, Grace Goyan, Dr Ett Waldon, Genevieve Doran, Cyril Peterson, Della Noble, Berton Prim, Ralph Peterson, Lloyde Fisher, Mildred Potter, Agnis Nelson, Clara Berg.

FORKS.

Mrs. Eli Peterson had an accident Sunday evening, the 23rd of January, which had all the conditions for proving extremely serious, but, fortunately, she came through or down with scarcely a scratch. While standing on the landing at the head of the stairway, thinking she was moving away from the stairs, she stepped, in the darkness, off the landing, facing downstairs, and struck on her shoulder at the bottom of the stairs somewhat shaken up, but with no serious results. Eli laughs when he remembers that not many years ago she turned her foot on the bottom step of the same stairway and was laid up with a sprain for weeks!

Ollie Ford had a very painful tussle with quinsy for ten days, beginning the week before last, being confined closely to his bed. Dr. Woods of Neah Bay was summoned last Saturday, arriving on Sunday, by which time the patient was on the mend, and is now rapidly recovering.

Frank Legear of Quillayute was over on business on Monday.

J. R. Smith went to Seattle last week.

Dan Pullen is doing some fine carpenter work on the new counter for Jim Henrie.

Mr. Duensing, formerly of Iowa, and more recently spending eight years in the Philippines, began work as teacher of the school last Tuesday. Your correspondent found him a pleasant man to meet, and has no doubt, from reports, that he will give good satisfaction.

BLYN.

Mr. Spearing is expected back from Seattle Saturday, the 5th, bringing with him three scow loads of machinery for the new camp, two donkeys, a locomotive and cars.

Mr. Napp is building a road thru to his new house which he has already started to build out in the lake country.

James Curry has returned from a business trip to Seattle.

Bell Kilby has been very sick but is now slowly improving.

Paul Violet has just recovered from a very sick spell.

BLUE MOUNTAIN

On Saturday, February 5th, at Blue Mountain school house, will be given a ground hog day dance and box supper. Ladies bring boxes of lunch which will be sold for the benefit of cemetery fund. Everybody welcome.

Mr. Grant Critchfield has taken a contract to clear ten acres of land for Mr. Richter. They are hard at work with several men and a donkey engine.

MOUNT PLEASANT

We had the pleasure of attending a social party at the new home of Mr. and Mrs. Dresser last Friday night; there were a goodly number in attendance, and everyone had a delightful time. Mr. Dresser's home will be real cozy when completed.

All the symptoms of spring are at hand and everybody is getting ready for it; we have a sugar snow, the Robin, the frog, sure harbingers.

We have not seen anything of the comet yet, though there are several lights here. Cindy.

My account of the burning of Mount Pleasant Hall was in answer to Dixie's comments. But as you, Cindy, have seen fit to answer for Dixie, I will say that your statements are slanderous and untrue in every particular, and not worthy of a reply. And as you and your henchman are very much in the minority in the neighborhood, I will leave it to the public to judge who is loosing prestige, as you infer the bunch with the stool pigeons are doing. As I happen to know, you can count your friends on one hand and a shingle weavers hand at that—minus several fingers. PIONEER.

Pacific G.A.R. and W.R.C. celebrated McKinley's birthday, Saturday evening, January 29th. A fine program was rendered, consisting of recitations, select reading and some fine music, Miss Wolverton presiding at the organ. The Misses Falke gave some fine duetts. A sumptuous lunch was served to some eighty people, after which a pleasant social time was enjoyed by all. Miss Wolverton again took her place at the organ and every one who could sing joined in many of the old war songs, singing with a vim that took the old veterans back to the dark days of the rebellion. Pacific Corps finds itself in good working order; officers and standing committees are well chosen. The Post and Corps are in perfect harmony and we are looking forward to a prosperous year. C. B. MAXFIELD, Press Correspondent.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union met at the home of the Rev. Stephen Smith, Friday, 28th ult. The discussion, How can Mothers Best Train their Children, so as to Develop the Best Men and Women, was well taken by all present. A select reading by Mrs. Elizabeth Cloukie was enjoyed by all.

THAT MORSE WHARF FRANCHISE CASE

Port Angeles, Wash., Feb. 1, 1910.
Editor Olympic Leader:

Inasmuch as Mr. D. W. Morse has publically given his side of the Morse Wharf case, I think it is but fair that the public be informed of the other side. I shall endeavor not to invite or indulge in any vulgar controversy and feel unmoved by the uncalled for personal attack upon myself.

Mr. Morse states his grievance to be that the city refused to keep up the approach to the wharf and from his statement it is made to appear that he did not agree to keep up the same himself.

Among the conditions expressed in the Franchise ordinance it was provided in Section 3. "That said wharf and its APPROACHES shall be constructed and maintained in a substantial and good workmanlike manner." It further provided that he should have thirty days' time within which to accept said ordinance with all its conditions and that it should not take effect until his said acceptance. On the evening of its passage, after its passage, Mr. Morse asked me what were the approaches that he was required to keep up and I told him it was the necessary planking to reach the filled in portion of Laurel street.

On the last day given him to accept said ordinance he endorsed in writing his acceptance therein and thereby solemnly agreed to fulfill every condition therein; but from the first he never complied with a single condition, not even placing the lights on the wharf and approaches for the safety of the public, as one of the conditions required, except that he made such absolutely necessary improvements of the approach required for practical travel to and from the wharf, and I have good authority for stating that he had secured legal advice for and had contemplated contesting the rights of the city before said ordinance was accepted by him and that he did not intend to comply with the conditions he had accepted. No doubt he accepted the same to beguile the city authorities into repose and to keep his possession of Laurel street water front, according to laws of his own.

The suit was not brought against him until repeated demands for payment and refusal to pay the monthly payments agreed upon for nearly two years from the time the city council ordered me to collect or sue.

He had refused to pay the long accumulated monthly dues on the former franchise which he repeatedly refused to pay on another excuse and did not pay until just before its expiration, no doubt in order to secure its renewal. Of course it was to the interest of Mr. Morse to keep the unrestrained possession of the water front at the foot of Laurel street as long as possible, without the cost of litigation and its uncertainty, to accomplish which his best course was to beguile the city officers into non-action and for that reason signed his acceptance to the last ordinance which he did not intend to comply with. But the City Attorney had reached his limit of duty after failure to collect, after many demands and was finally told by Mr. Morse that he would never pay and would contest all claims of the city over his wharf rights, the possession of which he had secured only from the city and having thus repudiated the rights of the city, the disinterested public must see that the City Attorney would have been derelict in his duty to have failed longer to sue Mr. Morse upon a claim that not only Mr. Morse had by his solemn agreements for over fifteen years recognized and secured possession and maintained his business on the waterfront, but a claim that had not been disputed by the eminent counsel who represented the railroad companies who had applied for and secured wharf privileges at the water terminus of many of our streets for nearly twenty years.

After our Superior Court had decided the case adversely to the City on a mere motion, and a judgment was rendered which did not outline the rights and duties of the city, in so important a matter as the control and administration of the whole city water front, it was manifestly the imperative duty of the City Attorney to advise and the city council to authorize an appeal to the Supreme Court in order that the legal status and the rights and duties of the city in regard to its water front should be ascertained and outlined by a decision of the Supreme Court, without regard to whether a judgment would be in favor or adverse to the city in the higher court.

It would not have made any difference what form of action might have been brought against Mr. Morse, he had declared that he would contest the right of the city in any case; he therefore precipitated and made necessary the suit of the city against him, which disproves his accusation against us of malice on account of the form of action brought against him.

The City Attorney did not proceed against Mr. Morse until all other methods failed, nor without that caution and consideration, which the importance of the case demanded, nor until he had consulted and was advised by several of the most eminent counsel of Seattle and Tacoma, and after months of study of the authorities. He therefore had much eminent ability to share in his incredible stupidity, which Mr. Morse so glibly charges. He is quite ready to discredit the legal standing of the city attorney by the proof of the loss of one case, in face of the fact that it is the first case that same city attorney has lost for the city in his six years of service, and that among the cases he has won for the city in the Superior, Supreme and Federal Courts, one of them cancelled about one hundred thousand dollars of fraudulent city indebtedness, which never could have been paid until by accumulated interest it would have amounted to a quarter of a million. This reference is fairly justified by the false and malicious attack made in Mr. Morse's letter.

But where can be found greater monumental stupidity than was exhibited by the same D. W. Morse in his contention which could but result inevitably in his own defeat, for by

Continued on page 6.

JAMES R. GALLAGHER'S TRANSFER

—: PHONE 24 :—

LIVERY, FEED, SALE STABLES

Lincoln Street Wharf, Port Angeles

Commercial Baggage a Specialty. Cab Service at All Hours.
Piano Moving. Heavy Hauling.

Horses for Sale on Hand Now.

Coffee, Teas and Spices

All specially Imported and Blended for our Trade

Bric-a-Brac work and Novelties

Hong, Young Co.
Ling Toy, Manager.
Phone 25.

Summons for Publication in Foreclosure of Tax Lien.

No.

In the Superior Court of the state of Washington, for Clallam county:

D. Matthews, Plaintiff,

vs.

J. Manry and J. Manry and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming to have an interest in and to the real property hereinafter described, defendants.

The State of Washington to J. Manry and J. Manry and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming to have an interest in and to the real property hereinafter described:

You and each of you are hereby notified that D Matthews is the holder of certificate of delinquency No. 2347, issued on the 20th day of July, 1907, by the County of Clallam, State of Washington, for the amount of Twenty-four and 30/100 Dollars, the same being the amount then due and delinquent for taxes for the years 1905 and 1906 together with penalty, interest and costs thereon, upon real property assessed to you and of which you are the owner or reputed owner, situated in said county, and particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 13, Block No. 156; Lot 15 and 16, Block No. 415; Lots 19 and 20, Block No. 417; Lots No. 19 and 20, Block No. 421; Lots No. 8, 9 and 10, Block No. 427; Lots 6 and 7 in Block No. 450. All in the Townsite of Port Angeles.

and upon which he has paid taxes assessed against said property as follows:

Year's Tax	Date Paid	Receipt No.	Amt
1907	June 1 1908	3358	$11.67
1908	June 2, 1908	3678	$10.60
Total amount of Taxes paid since date of Certificate of Delinquency			$22.27

all of said amounts bearing interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum; and you are further notified that he will apply to the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for said county, for a judgment foreclosing a tax lien against the property hereinbefore mentioned, and you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of first publication of this summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication, and defend this action or pay the amount due, together with costs; and in case of your failure to do so, judgment will be rendered foreclosing the lien for said certificate of delinquency, taxes, penalty, interest and costs, against the lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned. Date of first publication, January 28, 1910

Any pleading or process may be served upon the undersigned at the address hereafter mentioned.

J. E. Cochran,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
P.O. Address, Port Angeles, Clallam county, Wash.

Notice of Private Sale of Real Estate by Administrator.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for King County.

In the Matter of the Estate of Manassee Swank, deceased.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for the County of King, dated the 20th day of January, A. D. 1910, the undersigned Administrator of the Estate of Manassee Swank, deceased, will sell at Private Sale the following described real estate, to-wit:

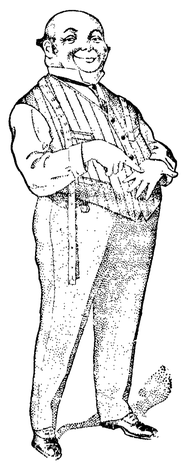
The south half of the northeast quarter (S½ NE¼) and the north half of the southeast quarter (N½ SE¼) of section nine (9), in township twenty-nine (29) north of range four (4) west of Willamette Meridian, in Clallam county, State of Washington.

The sale will be made on or after the 14th day of February, 1910, and bids will be received at the office of Messrs. Trumbull & Trumbull, the attorneys for said Administrator, at their office in the Aldwell Block, Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington.

The terms of said sale are as follows: Cash, gold coin of the United States of America, ten per cent of the bid at the time of sale, and the balance upon confirmation by the court.

LINCOLN W. SWANK,
Administrator of the Estate of Manassee Swank, Deceased.
Trumbull & Trumbull, Attorneys.
Jan. 28–Feb. 11.

Who's your Tailor?



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Chas. A. Filion
Representative
Port Angeles, Washington